THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

Port Almanac—December 12

Sun Rises	7.01 A M
Sun Sets	4.46 P M
Day's Length	9 h 45 m
High Water at Southport	4.46 P M
High Water at Wilmington	6.33 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 12.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 38°; 8 p. m., 43° maximum, 47°; minimum, 26°; mean 36°.

Rainfall for the day .00; rainfall for the month up to date, .60.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Showers; variable winds, increasing in force on the coast; stationary temperature.

The barometer has fallen rapidly from the Lake region to the Gulf coast and in Montana. It has risen rapidly in the Northwest and north of the Lake region. An extended area of low pressure covers the Ohio valley. The depression which was central off the New England coast yesterday morning has moved to the northeast, but dangerous gales continue on the New England coast.

Light snows are reported in the Lake region, the Ohio and Upper Mississippi valleys. Fair weather continues in the Southern States and west of the Mississippi river.

It is colder in New England, New York and in the Northwest. It is warmer in the Ohio valley and the Southern States.

Threatening weather with snow will prevail from New England and the Middle Atlantic coast westward over the Ohio valley and the Lake region. Dangerous gales will probably continue on the coast of Hatteras.

OUTLINES.

In the Senate Mr. Allen, of Nebraska spoke on his resolution for the recognition of Cuban belligerency. —— At a conference of Indiana Democratic leaders, held at Indianapolis, the free silver men insisted on committing the party to their views. —— The White Star steamer Germanic sank the steamer Cumbrae in a collision; no lives were lost. —— Harry Hayward, the murderer of Miss Catherine Gintz, was hanged at Minneapolis, Minn. —— It is stated that dispatches have been sent to President Cleveland by members of his Cabinet, urging that a special Cabinet meeting be called for Monday to discuss important matters. —— The Populist Senators held a conference yesterday, but no definite conclusion as to the policy of the Third party was reached. —— A train load of Kentucky Republicans, returning home from the inauguration of Governor Bradley, was fired upon near Eminence, Ky.; the cars were riddled with bullets, but only one person was hurt. —— Representatives of the Clyde Steamship Company deny the report that the Company contemplates backing up the Southern Railway in operating a line of steamers between Baltimore and Norfolk. —— A fire which broke out on the United States steamship Cincinnati came near reaching her magazine. —— A Cotton Exposition will be held in Chicago in August, 1896. —— Three wrecks occurred on the Norfolk & Western Railroad; twenty freight cars were broken up, but no person was injured. —— The charred bodies of two dissolute women were found in the woods near Morganton. —— The negotiations for a Government loan of £1,000,000 by Turkey has fallen through. —— The prorating of freight rates is under consideration by the Southern States Freight Association, in session at Richmond, Va. —— W. N. Prather, of Charlotte, N. C., committed suicide. —— New York markets: Money on call was steady at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2, and closing offered at 2; cotton quiet—middling gulf 8¾c; middling 8¼c; Southern flour dull and steady—common to fair extra $2.10@2 80; good to choice $2.90@3 00; wheat—spot weaker and fairly active; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 69⅝@69¾c; afloat 71¼@71¾c; corn easy and less active—No. 2 at elevator 34¾c; afloat 35¾c; spirits turpentine quiet and steadier at 27¼@27¾c; rosin dull but steady—strained common to good $1 70@1 75

So far about 759 different bicycle wheels have been reported, and every one of them is "the best." One will dump an innocent about as quick as the other.

Mr. Gladstone hopes that the "Powers" will not make themselves "entirely ridiculous" on the Armenian question. They have about done that already.

As one of the results of the late earthquake shocks in Ohio and Indiana a lot of people are now on the hunt for the oil wells and springs they had before the shake-up, but which have disappeared since.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVII.—NO. 69. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,928

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST
DAILY NEWSPAPER
IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

Sensational journalism is practiced to some extent in New York, but the New York *Times* is one of the journals that does not engage in it, depending on real merit as a newspaper and on a safe and intelligent discussion of the topics of the day. In its editorial utterances it is conservative but vigorous, and as a presenter of the news in compact but sufficiently comprehensive form, it is without a superior. It covers the field of a great newspaper, both in the daily and weekly edition.

The Jew baiting business must be getting dull on the other side, which may account for Herr Ahlwardt's presence in this country, where he thinks the Jews are having too much of a good and easy time. There is no law to prohibit nuisances like Ahlwardt from coming to this country but there is no law that requires people to give them countenance or to prohibit giving them a very wide berth.

One of our exchanges says that "hold-ups" are so numerous in his town that a Chicago man would imagine he was at home. It cites one case of a "hold-up" where a man who had no money was knocked down and robbed of his boots. Holding a man up to knock him down looks somewhat erratic if not jockular.

Senator Mills has introduced a bill in the Senate providing for an issue of short time non-interest-bearing Treasury notes, and for paying silver in redeeming greenbacks when the gold reserve runs below the $100,000,000 mark. The latter part of this is level-headed, but will not strike the gold worshippers in that way.

Senator Chandler, of New Hampshire, has introduced a bill in the Senate providing for the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at a ratio of 15½, the act to go into effect when similar laws shall have been enacted by Great Britain, France and Germany. This is a fraud. The conditions make it such.

Two men who attempted to steal $100,000 worth of rails from the Union Pacific railway pleaded guilty of petit larceny, were fined $50 and sent for ten days to jail. The court didn't see anything grand in that kind of larceny.

They have some very unaccommodating people in Chicago, where a woman the other day declared that she would commit suicide if any one would promise to pay her funeral expenses. Up to the last accounts no one had responded.

A Chicago juror failed to respond to the roll call the other day, but his absence was satisfactorily accounted for when it was learned that he had been arrested the night before while engaged in burglarizing a house.

Mrs. Hoke Smith says when a woman takes her place in the business world as a man she must not expect men to show her any more consideration than the do each other. But men who are built right do, all the same.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE—Mabel Paige.
JAS D NUTT—Pyxis toilet cream.
S A SCHLOSS & CO.—New goods.
"POVERTY PARTY"—Thursday, Friday.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

J B TURNER—Hello, sports.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Thos. B. Pritchard is in the city.

— Lieut. Jno. Moore has returned from his visit North.

— Mr. M. C. Winston, of Raleigh, is in the city on a business visit.

— Mr. Jno. F. Maloney, of Richmond, was a guest at The Purcell yesterday.

— Mr. C. W. Copening, of Cincinnati, Ohio, was a visitor at The Purcell yesterday.

— Mr. Herbert McIver, who has been sick for some time past, was out yesterday.

— Mr. Adolph Cohn, of Baltimore, was in the city yesterday, registered at The Purcell.

— Mr. J. A. Lightburn, chief mate of the *Commodore*, left last night for his home in New York.

— Lieut. F. S. VanBoskerck arrived in the city yesterday to take a position as second lieutenant on the revenue cutter *Colfax*.

— The arrivals at The Orton yesterday were Messrs J J Hayes, Raleigh; Bruce Williams, Burgaw; C B Yanch, H Goldschmidt, C H Painsas, New York; C H Coulter, Baltimore; P H Bergheimer, New York; Geo T Wiley, M R Greenbaum, Boston; B M Townsend, Red Springs; S L Smith, Cleveland, Ohio; A G Hamock, Richmond; L B Chase, Fetchburg, Mass.; E S Carlyle, Bennettsville; J C Guilford, Grand Rapids; S Holman, New York; C W Chorpemoy, Cincinnati; Chas E Power, New York; L S Carr, Durham; Geo B Aiken, Baltimore; S S Speir, Goldsboro.

LOCAL DOTS

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast: Probably fair, but with increasing cloudiness Thursday; warmer; fresh southwesterly winds.

— The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Young Men's Christian Association will meet at 4 o'clock to-day in the Association's building.

— The L'Arioso Club gave the first german of the season last night in Concordia hall. About forty couples participated in the dance.

— Rev. R. E. Peele has been secured to deliver an address to men at the Young Men's Christian Association next Sunday afternoon.

— A rapid rise of the river is reported at Fayetteville yesterday morning, the gauge showing 10.6 feet—a rise of eight feet since last report.

— The Charleston *News and Courier* of the 9th instant has an elaborate "write up" of the flourishing little town of McColl, S. C., which is referred to as a "young town, but a giant in its way."

— Messrs. Paterson, Downing & Co. cleared yesterday the German barque *O. Von Winter* for London, Eng., with cargo, consisting of 800 casks spirits turpentine, 4,589 barrels rosin and 200 barrels crude turpentine, valued at $11,738.

— The ladies of St. Agnes Guild will give a "Poverty Party" in the parish house, in rear of St. James' Church, tomorrow night. This will be an unique and enjoyable entertainment. The managers request us to say that "the beggars will arrive at 8 o'clock promptly."

— Capt. Chichester, of the Clyde steamer *Oneida*, from New York, reports that he sighted a large can buoy adrift bearing northwest seventeen miles off Winter Quarter lightship. It was marked "W. Q. S.," and had drifted from its position on Winter Quarter shoals.

American Legion of Honor.

The annual election of Clarendon Council No. 67, A. L. of H., was held last evening and the following were elected for the ensuing term:

Commander—Herbert McClammy.
Past Commander—J. H. Boatwright.
Vice Commander—A. L. DeRosset.
Orator—C. H. White.
Secretary—I. C. Morrison.
Collector—J. Weil.
Treasurer—I. L. Greenewald.
Chaplain—N. Jacobi.
Guide—A. J. Howell.
Warden—J. R. Turrentine, Jr.
Sentry—W. M. Hankins.
Medical Examiner—Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy.
Trustees—Owen Fennell, P. Heinsberger, A. D. Wessell.

Produce Exchange Matters.

At the meeting of members of the Produce Exchange yesterday, it was agreed, upon motion of Mr. D. L. Gore, that three instead of five members of the Board of Managers of the Exchange should constitute a quorum.

It was agreed to recommend to the Board of Managers that 85,000 pounds of grain should be considered a car-load and of bran 25,000 pounds. The necessity of establishing a car-load was explained, that a merchant buying grain by the car-load for future delivery would frequently find that if the price was against him he would receive a large number of pounds, and if the price was in his favor a small number of pounds in each car.

The Police Board.

The Police Board met yesterday to consider charges against police officers.

Sergt. Woebse, charged with making remarks derogatory to the character of a member of the Board of Aldermen, upon recommendation of the Mayor and Police Committee, was discharged. A. C. Neilson was removed for inefficiency.

Thos. B. Thayer was promoted to the position of Sergeant.

Louis Gordon, substitute, was made a regular policeman.

King-Oldham.

The marriage of Miss Blanche King to Mr. Thos. B. Oldham took place Tuesday evening last at Grace church, Rev. W. B. Oliver officiating. The maid of honor was Miss Mary King and the best man Mr. Bertram Queich. The ushers were Messrs. J. W. Monroe, Robt. W. Farmer, Jas. W. Barnes and Wm. Whitney. A reception was held at the residence of the bride after the ceremony.

Magistrate's Court.

Jos. Baldwin, colored, tried in Justice Bunting's court yesterday for disorderly conduct, was found guilty and in default of payment of fine and costs was sent to jail.

Alex. Johnson, Louis Clinton, James Howe, John Howe and Ab. Lofton, all colored, charged with disorderly conduct, were found guilty, but judgment was suspended on payment of costs.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR's want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR's want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

THE C. F. & Y. V. RAILROAD.

Meeting at the Produce Exchange—Committee Appointed to Investigate the Proposed B. & O. Railroad Extension—Resolutions Protesting Against the Dismemberment of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. Adopted—Authorities of the City of Wilmington Asked to Employ Counsel to Represent Its Interest in the United States Court in Baltimore.

A called meeting of the Produce Exchange, to which members of the Chamber of Commerce and citizens generally were invited, was held yesterday at 11 a. m. in the rooms of the Exchange. Mr. J. G. Boney, president, was in the chair and Col. Jno. L. Cantwell secretary.

After the disposal of routine business of the Exchange, the proposed sale of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. was taken up. Col. Walker Taylor, first vice president of the Chamber of Commerce, in the absence of the President, Mr. Jas. H. Chadbourn, Jr., who was unable to attend, was invited to sit with the chairman of the meeting.

Mr. Boney, after stating the purpose of the meeting, read the following letter, viz:

To the President of the Produce Exchange, Wilmington, N. C.

DEAR SIR—The Greensboro Industrial and Immigration Association have adopted and transmitted to President Mayer, of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, resolutions setting forth the rapid growth and development of our section, and urging upon him the extension of his road over the lines of the Roanoke & Southern and Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad Companies.

If you have not already done so, we take the liberty of suggesting that you take similar action, should it meet with your approval.

As this is a matter of mutual interest, vitally affecting us all, we would also suggest some suitable measure of co-operation. Yours truly,

R. M. DOUGLAS,
CHAS. H. IRELAND,
J. S. HUNTER,
W. E. STONE,
THEO. COBB,
Committee.

Mr. Iredell Meares addressed the meeting in reference to the interest manifested by officials of the B. & O. R. R. Co., in a proposed road from Southport to Wilmington to connect with the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad for a through route to Chicago.

Mr. D. L. Gore spoke in favor of the B. & O. R. R. connection, and suggested that a committee be appointed to lay before this railroad company the great advantages of the port of Wilmington.

Mr. D. G. Worth asked what assurances could be given that the proposed extension of the B. & O. R. R. would be an advantage to Wilmington, and offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the chair to investigate this matter now before this meeting and report with recommendations to a subsequent meeting to be called by the chairman.

The chair appointed as the committee, Messrs. Wm. Calder, J. H. Chadbourn, Jr., and D. L. Gore.

Mr. H. K. Nash, at the request of Mr. James C. Stevenson, read the following preamble and resolutions which were adopted;

WHEREAS, We are informed and believe that there are plans on foot looking to the dismemberment of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railroad; and

WHEREAS, This system of railroad was conceived in the minds of our forefathers more than fifty years ago, for the purpose of connecting the mountains with the seaboard and with the declared object of developing the country contiguous to it, thereby building up a seaport town of some importance; and

WHEREAS, The State of North Carolina has given liberally of her treasure with this purpose in view, and the city of Wilmington was induced to subscribe the sum of $150,000 upon the promise that the system would be complete, and direct communication with the mountains and through to the great Northwestern markets of the country would be maintained; and

WHEREAS, We look with grave apprehension upon the holders of the bonds who refuse to accept the plan of organization proposed by the Baltimore committee, and at the same time refuse to disclose their plans, which would show the intent as to all interests, including the city of Wilmington, forcing us to the legitimate inference from their action that they intend at the last moment to withdraw from the bondholders' agreement as to reorganization and demand that the road be sold in separate sections, which means dismemberment and breaking up of the system and subsequently the original plan for internal improvement in our State, for which the charter was granted, and strike a death-blow to the interests of our city for which she has paid her hard-earned money in taxes, which are burdensome almost beyond the point of endurance; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we most respectfully petition the Judge who shall sit for the hearing of this case that he do not permit this wrong to be done our city and State, and that he protect us to the full extent of his prerogative as the exponent of the law.

Resolved, That we disclaim any intention to interfere with the reorganization of this system, except so far as that we oppose the dismemberment of the road, and ask that our city be placed where she originally was in the organization.

Resolved, That the secretary of this meeting be requested to furnish copies of these resolutions to the Judge and to the daily papers of this city and Fayetteville, Greensboro, Mount Airy and Raleigh.

Capt. W. R. Kenan read a circular letter from Messrs. Hamilton & Co., of Baltimore, outlining the plan proposed by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company.

Mr. H. K. Nash suggested that the city of Wilmington should employ counsel to represent the city before the United States Court in Baltimore on the 23d inst.

After discussion, Mr. C. E. Borden offered the following, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the chair appoint a committee of three to appear before the first meeting, (called or regular) of the Boards of Aldermen and Finance, urging them to make an appropriation for the purpose of having a legal representative at the court hearing the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley railroad bond question, and recommend to said Boards the name of such counsel to be employed for this purpose.

The chair appointed as this committee Messrs. Chas. E. Borden, B. F. Hall and Jas. C. Stevenson.

The meeting then adjourned.

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

Below is given the monthly report of the treasurer of the Associated Charities for the month of November, 1895. The names of those who contributed the item of $69.00 have been already published, and this report shows additional contributions up to December 1st. Hereafter these monthly reports will show all contributions for the preceding month. By order of the Executive Committee.

Receipts—Nov. 1st, balance $160.00, Canvassing Committee 69.00, New Hanover county 125.00, J Victor Grainger 1.00, Mrs J Victor Grainger 1.00, Mrs W L Smith 1.00, W L Smith 1.00, Mrs Henry G Latimer 1.00, Miss May Latimer 1.00, Mr G Tiencken 1.00, Wm Neistle 1.00, M Levy 1.00, Col Roger Moore 2.50, Miss Mary Haigh 1.00, Mrs Jennie Davis 5.00, Mrs W W Hodges 1.00, Mrs E A Northrop 1.00, Miss Kate C Northrop 1.00, Samuel Northrop 1.00, W H Northrop 1.00, W H Northrop, Jr., 1.00, R H Northrop 1.00, Cash 5.00. Total $384.10.

Expenditures — Secretary's salary $25.00, Catherine Kennedy Home 12.50, H H Williams, order on Executive Committee, 10.00; groceries, etc., 296.15; janitor 2.50, rent 3 50, burial expenses 5.50, cash, help, 8.00, railroad fare 1.70, milk for sick .50, November 80, balance, 18.75. Total $384.10.

The Mabel Paige Company.

The beautiful operetta, "La Belle Marguerite," was again presented yesterday afternoon by the Mabel Paige Company. Last night the bill was "The Other Girl." Miss Paige, as *Evangeline*, certainly convinced the audience that she is an actress far above the average. Mr. E. E. Connor, as *Bunor Madell*, kept the audience convulsed with laughter. The comedy is full of funny sayings and situations and gave each member an excellent opportunity of showing their ability. The audience was large and went away well pleased.

"The Little Egyptian" will be presented to-night. Reserved seats can be had at Yates' bookstore this morning.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—421 bales cotton, 88 bbls tar, 18 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—886 bales cotton, 20 casks spirits turpentine, 77 bbls rosin, 58 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—6 casks spirits turpentine, 22 bbls rosin, 29 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—20 bbls rosin, 11 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 807 bales; spirits turpentine, 26 casks; rosin, 119 bbls; tar, 186 bbls; crude turpentine, 19 bbls.

HARPER-DANIEL.

Daughter of Senator Daniel to Wed Mr. Fred. Harper.

[*Raleigh Press-Visitor.*]

"Mr. and Mrs. John W. Daniel request the honor of your presence at the marriage of their daughter, Carrie Warwick, to Mr. Frederic Harper, on Thursday, December 19th, at Westerly, near Lynchburg, Va."

This is the formal invitation. The wedding will be a peculiarly auspicious one.

Miss Daniel is a daughter of United States Senator Daniel, of Virginia, and widely known in the best circles of Virginia and Washington society as a young woman of great beauty and brightness.

Mr. Harper is a prominent young attorney of Wilmington. He graduated with high honor at Trinity College in this State, and afterwards was for two years at the University of Virginia. All Southern college men remember him as a football player, whose record in this branch of athletics was as brilliant as his record in the work of the University Law School.

Mr. and Mrs. Harper will be at home, No. 1 Church street, Wilmington, after December 25th.

APPOINTMENTS

for Visitations by the Bishop of East Carolina.

Dec 18th— Friday— Vanceboro, S Paul's.

Dec. 15th—3rd Sunday in Advent—M P—Beaufort county, Zion church.

Dec 15th—3rd Sunday in Advent—E P—Washington, S Peter's.

Dec 17th — Tuesday — Chocowinity Beaufort county, Trinity Chapel.

Dec 19th—Thursday—E P—Hamilton, S Martin's.

Dec 22nd—Fourth Sunday in Advent—Gatesville, S Mary's.

Dec 25th — Christmas Day—Gates county, S Peter's.

Dec 26th—Thursday, Festival S Stephen—E P—Murfreesboro, S Barnabas.

Dec 29th—Sunday after Christmas—M P—Roxobel, S Mark's.

Dec 29th—Sunday after Christmas—E P—Woodville, Bertie county, Grace church.

Dec 31st—Tuesday—Windsor, S Thomas'.

Jan 1st, 1896—Wednesday—Festival of the Circumcision—E P—Plymouth, Grace Church.

Jan 3d—Friday—Williamston—Church of the Advent.

M P—Morning Prayer. E P—Evening Prayer.

Holy Communion at all morning services.

The children catechized when practicable.

The Vestries will pleased be prepared to meet the Bishop.

Offerings to be for Diocesan Missions.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale", are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

RALEIGH HAPPENINGS.

SUCCESSFUL APPLICANTS FOR LICENSE TO PRACTICE PHARMACY.

Plummer Batchelor's Suit for $7,700—Prominent New Yorkers in the City—Internal Revenue Offenders—President Cleveland and Hon. W. R. Capehart.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 11, 1895.

Mr. Plummer Batchelor, the former part owner of Pamlico, the great North Carolina trotter, has won a suit for $7,700 against R. J. & E. D. Spur, of Kentucky. Mr. Batchelor sold a half interest in the horse to the Spurs for ten thousand dollars. The Spurs were campaigning Pamlico when he died. They claim that the horse was unsound and refused to pay the balance due, $7,700. Mr. Batchelor went to Kentucky and fought the case in the court. The jury has given him the amount asked for, though the defendants have appealed to the Supreme Court. There is not much doubt about Mr. Batchelor finally winning.

Yesterday Dean Sage, a wealthy New Yorker, and W. D. Dickerson, for years President of the Stock Exchange, and now President of the Norfolk & Southern road, were in the city visiting friends.

Clerk of the Court Young and ex-Marshal Hill, local Republicans, have gone to Washington, D. C.

It is said that for every $100 the Government gets through fines imposed on violators of the revenue law it costs $150. There is much talk of useless persecution instead of prosecution on the part of Federal authorities. Persons maimed for life and women eighty years old, none of them able to support themselves, have been indicted this way.

An effort is being made by the conductors who were associated with the late Capt. Peyton, W. Brown to secure a fund sufficient to erect a monument to his memory. A neat sum has already been secured on a nucleus.

Mrs. Wm. Woodard, aged 75 years, died this morning of pneumonia.

Capt. J. L. Riddle, conductor of the S. A. L., was married to Miss Rosa Rainey, of Virginia, to-day.

Mr. Wm. Simpson, secretary of the Pharmaceutical Board, has given out the names of successful applicants who passed the examination to practice pharmacy in this State. Of the fourteen applicants who stood the examination, twelve were successful: Carroll M. Shuford, Hickory; Wm. A. Hughes, Durham; Hugh P. Hackney, Durham; David M. Fields, Halifax; David A. Houston, Mount Airy; Nathan B. Hood, Dunn; David McN. McKay, Smithfield; W. S. Allen, Reidsville; Wm. A. Ring, Charlotte; Clarence A. Crabtree, Raleigh; Tolly C. White, Charlotte; Jesse A. Dodson, Durham. The two last named are colored.

It is said that President Cleveland will, while on his present trip to North Carolina, visit Hon. W. R. Capehart at Avoca. This is quite significant in view of the fact that Mr. Capehart was a recent visitor to the White House, and is also a candidate for the position of Fish Commissioner.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Goods! New Goods!!

OUR NEW STOCK OF HOLIDAY GOODS will arrive by steamer to-day. Don't buy until you examine our stock and get our prices.
S. A. SCHLOSS & CO.,
24 N 4th Front street.
Exclusive Agents for Libbey Fine Cut Glass.
dec 12 tf

Thursday and Friday.

THE LADIES OF ST. AGNES GUILD WILL have a "Poverty Party" at the Parish House, rear of St. James' Church, Friday night, December 13th, at eight o'clock. Refreshments, Fancy Articles and Dolls at reasonable prices. Admittance ten cents. dec 12 1t

Turpentine Lands

IN BODIES TO SUIT, ON LINE OF RAILroad in Florida: These lands are owned by an estate that has to be closed by January next, and can be bought at from 50 cts to $1.25 per acre. Titles perfect. If you are looking for a location write to me for maps and full particulars.
ARTHUR T. WILLIAMS,
nov 28 D&W 2w* Jacksonville, Fla.

OPERA HOUSE,
CHARMING
MABEL PAICE.
To-night the laughable comedy,
"The Little Egyptian."
Prices 10, 20, 30 and 50 cents.
Secure seats at Yates'. dec 12 1t

Pyxis Toilet Cream

For chapped hands, face and lips, roughness, sunburn, pimples, tan, &c., &c.
JAMES D. NUTT,
Originator and Sole Proprietor.
25 cents. Most Druggists sell it.
dec 12 tf

Christmas Gifts.

3,000 Pounds Candy.
3,000 Pounds Fancy and Plain Candy.
4,000 C. C. Nuts.
75 Boxes Raisins.
1,000 Pounds Mixed Nuts.
200 Boxes Cakes.
150 Boxes Fine Crackers.
100 Bags Shot.
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
236 North Water Street.
dec 8 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Safes, Safes,

FROM $25 UP. FOR SALE LOW ONE double door combination Marvin Safe, weight 3,500. One Barnes safe, weight 1,200. Also ten other new Safes of various makes and weights. Write or call on SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
nov 28 tf 13 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

For the First Fifteen

Days of December we propose to offer some bargains in

Oil Heaters,

Wood and Coal Heaters,

COAL VASES,

Portable Grates,

Shovels and Tongs.

A few of those

Stand and Library Lamps

left to be sacrificed.

Feather Dusters 35c and downward.
Counter Brushes 40c and downward.
Scrubbing Brushes 10c and upward.
Shoe Brushes 10c and upward.
Horse Brushes, Curry Combs, Whitewash Brushes. Bird Cages slightly shop worn at cost.

Our prices will prove every word we say in this advertisement. Try us and see.

Alderman Hardware Co.,
29 South Front Street.
dec 1 tf

Walk Just 63 1-2 Steps

East from the corner of Front and Princess streets, and you will be at the old stand of H. C. Evans, where

Mercer & Evans

are now selling some of the

CHEAPEST SHOES

in the United States.

Why pay $5.00, 6 00 and 7.00 for a Gent's Calf Plain Toe Welted Shoe, either in Congress or Lace, broad, thick soles, when we will sell you a Shoe that will do as much wear, look as well and give as much comfort for $4 00 and $4.50? New Goods and in any size desired. A trial will convince. Moore Bicycle Shoes.

Call on us for all other kinds of Shoes. Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans.
dec 1 tf Successors to H. C. Evans.

A Comfortable Shoe

Is a happy combination of fine leather, superiority in manufacture and a perfect fit. You can't be easy unless your feet are. Our "Old Gents' comfort's Shoe" at $3.00 will make you easy and comfortable.

Our Pointed Toe Lace Shoes at $2.50 and $3.00 will give you both style and comfort. Don't fail to see our new "HEALTH AND COMFORT" SHOE with a felt innersole. Try one pair and you'll wear no other.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
nov 17 tf

1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

New Arrow Ties,

August and September

DELIVERY AT LOWEST PRICES

Get our prices before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.
Wholesale Grocers.
july 27 tf

C. C. Nuts and Raisins.

10,000 C. C. Nuts.
100 boxes Raisins.
50 barrels Apples.
150 boxes Cheese.
250 barrels Sugar.
75 boxes mixed Nuts.
300 bags Coffee.
300 boxes Crackers.
4,000 sacks Salt.
1,000 bushels Peanuts and all other goods in my line.
D. L. GORE,
120, 122, 124 North Water St.,
dec 10 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Do You Appreciate Things

That are sweet and clean?
Then buy your Candies and Fruits
At MORRISON'S,
dec 10 tf 108 Market St.

EGGS.

THE UNDERSIGNED CAN FURNISH YOU with Thoroughbred Brown Leghorn Chicken Eggs at $2.00 per setting of 13 eggs. A. PREMPERT,
dec 1 tf No. 11 South Front street.

A Big Display.

MR. HUSH, REPRESENTING THE TRIUMPH BICYCLES, will be with me for a few days and all who are interested in Bicycles will find it much to their interest to call and inspect the Tribune.
M. P. TAYLOR, Jr., No. 10 North Front St.
Bicycle repair, cheap and best Bicycle mechanics in the city. Wheels for rent and exchange. Everything guaranteed. dec 7 tf

Holiday Goods!

The rushing season, such as the present, cannot last too long. You must have time to select your Xmas presents and that is not an easy thing to do.

We Can Help You.

We have the largest line of DOLLS we have ever carried. You are unwise if you purchase before examining them.

BISQUE AT		25c.
"	"	50c.
"	"	75c.
"	"	$1 00.
"	"	1 50.
"	"	2 00, worth $3 00.

Bric-a-Brac.

Few houses carry as large a line of Oriental Wares as you will find here. You will find them in all the fantastic shapes peculiar to the Orient.

Handkerchiefs.

Embroidered Handkerchiefs at 25c each.

Embroidered and Plain Handkerchiefs 20c each.

Real Lace Handkerchiefs from $1 00 to $3 00.

Toilet Requisites.

Do You Use Hudnuts?

Chenille Table Covers at 75c each.

Tapestry	" "	$2 50
Tapestry	" "	3 50
Damask	" "	1 25

Kid Gloves.

"Cluze Patent Thumb" $1.
"Foster's" $1 00, $1 25, $1 50.
Centimere's $1 50, $1 60, $1 90.
Foster's Street Glove a specialty.

We would like for you to see those Antique Lace Bed Spreads that we are offering for half value.

BLANKETS AND COMFORTS.
500 Comforts from $1 25 to $7 50.
Blankets of every description.

We have twelve pairs of those Lace Curtains left—they are real nice—and good enough for any person in the city.

A. D. BROWN,
Successor to BROWN & RODDICK
No. 29 North Front St.
dec 8 tf

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT Co.
FINE FAMILY GROCERIES.
Assortment and Quality Unsurpassed.
Prices Based on Small Profits.
PROMPT DELIVERY OF GOODS.
THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,
15 and 17 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C.
Telephone 14. oct 6 tf

Seasonable Goods,

Such as Butter, Cheese, Cakes and Crackers, Nuts, Candies, &c., &c., are being received daily.

Our Albion Patent Flour is a trade winner. Call or write for prices.

A small lot of 6 inch Shingles at less than dealers' prices.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Nutt and Mulberry streets
nov 12 D&W tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper a North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 10 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50 four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00 two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines or solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or treble-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 12, 1895

POLITICS AND SELFISHNESS.

It would not be such a difficult matter to adjust our currency system on a satisfactory basis if it were not for the politics and selfishness that enter as disturbing factors. The first question the professional politician of the aspiring kind asks when a financial proposition is broached is how it will be regarded—favored or opposed—by those to whom he looks for his support, and in nine cases out of ten his position on that proposition is taken accordingly. It may be added that nine out of ten of them give very little thought or study to financial problems although they may talk volubly on them, simply echoing the utterances of those whom they serve because it is to their interest to serve them.

Hence nearly all financial questions are discussed either on sectional or on partisan lines, when there ought to be nothing sectional or partisan in them. We had ample illustration of this in the financial discussions during the last Congress, when Republicans and Democrats of the Eastern States united in defeating the repeal of the bank tax because its repeal was objectionable to the men who controlled the banks of their section, who had and still have a practical monopoly of the paper circulation of the country. The Republicans opposed it on sectional grounds, because it would tend to decentralize the money power which has been concentrated in their section, and on partisan grounds because it was a Democratic measure, recommended by the Democratic platform of 1892. The Democratic representatives of the East opposed it on the same sectional grounds as the Republicans did. We will have still other illustrations during the present Congress in which we will find the Republicans opposing measures recommended by the President and the Secretary of the Treasury, not because they may lack merit, but because they emanate from Democratic sources, which it is a main part of the Republican programme to antagonize.

This is, of course, all done under pretence of doing the best for the people and to promote the general prosperity, when the fact is they are far more concerned in doing the best for themselves and in promoting the success of the party. There is both politics and selfishness in this, politics connected with selfishness and selfishness based on politics.

The selfishness pure and simple which has no regard for politics only in so far as it may be made subservient and tributary is shown by the men who happen to be in a position to dictate our financial policy, who favor only such measures as will put money in their coffers and oppose all that may possibly divert some money from those coffers, regardless of whether such measures would promote the public weal or not. We have seen this selfishness running through all this financial discussion for a generation and it is as assertive, aggressive and uncompromising to day as it ever was, and has rather grown stronger with the years and with its repeated successes. It has cost this country hundreds of millions of dollars and has driven it into a labyrinth of embarrassments from which it seems impossible to extricate it.

If politics and selfishness could be set aside it would be comparatively an easy matter to do this, for then we could go back to the original landmarks, to the departure from which nearly all of our financial perplexities may be traced. Then the people had the right to supply their own currency through the medium of their State banks and there was no pressure brought to bear on Congress to establish this or that kind of a financial system in the interest of any section or of any class. Then the National Government confined itself to its constitutional function of coining metallic money for the people and the people supplied themselves with the paper currency which their business required. Then the National Government did not stand sponsor for banks and was neither an open nor silent partner in them, and was not harrassed with questions with which it has of right nothing to do, but which are the logical sequence of venturing beyond its domain in the field of finances, perplexities which have been magnified by the officious intermeddling of political and mercenary tricksters.

There is little hope for a return to these landmarks now, for we have strayed too far from them and a generation has grown up under the the teachings of the new system, who would have to be educated out of nearly all that they have been educated into and grown up with. If we ever do get anywhere near those landmarks it will be through the State banks which were destroyed to make way for banks based on Government bonds or rather on a national debt, to perpetuate which the national debt must be perpetuated. If the State bank were restored the question of the volume of money would adjust itself to the conditions as they presented themselves, and the question of the volume of the currency would be settled without further agitation. This would incidentally settle the question of the coinage of silver, for which there would be no longer the demand there is now, and it would settle the greenback question, because these greenbacks, and the silver too, which they tell us can not be gotten into circulation, could be used as a basis for the notes issued by the State banks. But there is no hope for the State bank, unless the Georgia movement, in which Secretary Hoke Smith is taking an active part, to test the constitutionality of the bank tax in the courts succeeds. If the courts decide against the constitutionali y then the way is clear for the establishment of the banks, and the first step will be taken to extricate the country from the financial predicament in which it has been placed ever since it undertook to run the banking business.

MINOR MENTION.

The exporting of American wheat this year—of which we had about 60,000,000 bushels more than needed for home consumption—has been remarkably sluggish notwithstanding the shortness in the world's supply and the ruling low prices. But the sluggishness in wheat has been somewhat offset by the increased shipments of corn, which may possibly to some extent have taken the place of wheat, the exports up to date being larger than any preceding year, amounting to over 20,000,000 bushels. The increase at New Orleans, where the exports of wheat have declined, have been noticeable, the shipments in the month of November footing up 1,607,539 bushels, against none at all for the corresponding month of last year. Twenty-eight vessels left port in that month loaded with corn, three of which carried over 100,000 bushels and one 172,087 bushels. The indications are that the shipments will continue to increase from that port, as the Mississippi river presents opportunities for cheap transportation. One thing remarkable in connection with the corn exports is that owing to the prejudices of the Europeans against the use of corn as food, which are still strong notwithstanding the efforts to remove them, most of this corn is imported to be fed to hogs and cattle. It will take time to convince the people over there that it is good food for the human being, much better than the bread that most of them eat, and then the shipments of corn will become a big thing.

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When Messrs. McCall and Barrett, Republicans, offered their whereases and resolutions in the House of Representatives, Tuesday, the former to enquire if Ambassador Bayard said certain things in England and Scotland and if so whether anything, and if so what had been done by the President to call him to taw; the latter calling for his impeachment if he did make the objectionable remarks as alleged, they were merely playing a little game of partisan buncombe, and taking that opportunity to pose as special champions of American dignity. They know that whether Mr. Bayard indulged in these to them objectionable phrases or not that they constituted no impeachable offence, and that an American Ambassador has as much right to the freedom of speech as any other citizen, whether he wear the garb of an Ambassador or not. The good taste of such utterances may be questioned by some, because they might leave the speaker liable to the imputation of reflecting upon his own country to ingratiate himself with a rival country, with which we have been at variance both on the tariff and other matters of public policy, but there is nothing culpable in them, and the most serious thing about the whole business is that there was too much truth in what he said, and he had the candor to speak it freely.

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The Washington dispatches yesterday stated that the Republicans in the Senate concede the Finance Committee to the Silver men, a concession which has a big streak of politics in it. This is the most important of all the committees, for through its hands all financial measures first pass before they come up for discussion and action, and as both Houses, as a rule, are governed very much by the reports of the committees they have a very great if not always a decisive influence on the fate of measures proposed, taking it for granted, of course, that the majority of the committees are in accord politically with the majority in the respective bodies which they represent. The Finance Committee being composed of a majority of silver men, a majority of whom are Democrats, the Republican Senators will feel under no political obligation to stand by the committee or assume responsibility for any measure it may propose and favor. As this is to be a Congress where "masterly inactivity" will be the programme of the Republicans it is to their hand to have the committee which will have the sayso about measures that will attract most attention and become most conspicuous as issues in charge of men who will not be likely to report any measure that the Republicans could or would endorse.

A narrow escape from being embalmed and buried alive is reported from the town of Wilkesbarre, Pa., where a woman apparently died one day last week. It was decided to defer the burial until friends arrived, which, after some time elapsed, necessitated embalming. The undertaker prepared for this, bathed the body with warm water and then applied cold water, when the supposed corpse sat bolt upright. The astonished undertaker bolted out of the house, but recovered his equilibrium by the time he reached the street and went for a physician. When he came they found the woman surrounded by her family; the doctor administered stimulants and the embalming and funeral were indefinitely postponed.

BOOK NOTICES.

The Christmas number of *McClure's Magazine* is a charming one filled with reading matter appropriate to the season and superbly illustrated, in addition to which it is larger than usual. Published by S. S. McClure, No. 30 Lafayette Place, New York.

The *American Magazine of Civics* for December presents an interesting list of contents for the reader and student of economic subjects, presented in a way that makes them interesting, whether the reader agree with the writers or not. Published by Andrew J. Palm & Co., 38 Park Row, New York.

The December number of *The Overland Monthly* presents a fine and varied list of contents, embracing a number of articles suggested by the Christmas time. The description of Western scenes and Western life and sketches of Western men of note are special features which give attraction to this magazine. Published by the Overland Publishing Company, Pacific Mutual Life Building, San Francisco, Cal.

CURRENT COMMENT

— North Carolina, it is stated, furnishes 93 per cent. of the capital invested in her great cotton manufacturing industry, only 7 per cent. coming from outside the State. And that explains why North Carolina leads all the South in the number of her cotton mills. Self help is not only the best and the surest, but it "gets there" first.—*Charleston News & Courier, Dem.*

— A bill has been introduced in the Legislature to authorize State banks. This is the first step toward a test of the constitutionality of the ten per cent. tax on State banks. If the bill passes Secretary Smith will organize a State bank. The Federal Government will attempt to tax its issue and Mr. Smith will fight the tax in the United States Supreme Court.—*Savannah Press, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Salisbury *World*: Some time ago young Sam Jones, a son of Marshall Jones, of Faith, cut his foot with an axe. The wound was not considered very dangerous at first, but blood-poisoning ensued and Tuesday the young man died from its effects.

— Asheville *Citizen*: Jim Payne deliberately shot and killed Sarah Anderson Sunday, near Barnard, Madison county. Payne was supposed to be drinking, and was forbidden to enter the house. Enraged at this he drew his revolver and fired, striking the woman in the left arm, penetrating the heart and killing her instantly. Payne is still at large. Sheriff White and Deputy Bailey went to the scene.

— Statesville *Landmark*: Dower, 3-year old son of Mr. George O. Cornelius, of Mooresville, got a grain of corn in his throat last Tuesday evening, from the effects of which he died Thursday evening, after two days and nights of intense suffering. Drs. Stevenson, of Mooresville, and Monroe, of Davidson, performed an operation but were unable to find the grain.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Maj. Pleasants, boss on the Southern, lives just below the Norfolk & Western depot. He is a clever gentleman and his veracity has never been questioned. He tells a story that appears to be rather wide of the mark but he has witnesses who vouch to the truthfulness of the statement. He killed a hog last week and upon cutting it open he found three well-formed hearts. Two were located between the shoulders and were much smaller than the regular one. A vein ran between the two smaller ones and joined the sounders. Maj. Pleasants has all three hearts on exhibition at his house, and they have been viewed and examined by a number of people. Deputy Revenue Collector Gibson has just made a novel seizure at Gibson's distillery. He found there some very peculiar whisky boxes, alleged to contain type-writing machines. A man came to Gibson's office for a typewriter. The deputy asked a deputy marshal to shake one of the boxes. When this was done there was the sound of liquid within. The boxes were found to contain corn whiskey, and were all seized, being innocent of stamps.

— City Editor (looking over the paper)—Mr. Hussler, in writing up the case of old Jones you say "his sickness probably will be of short duration." What guarantee have you of that?

Reporter—They have called in a Christian Scientist, sir.—*Chicago Tribune.*

TWINKLINGS.

— Many a nice man bosses his wife because of the belief that if he doesn't boss her she will boss him.—*Atchison Globe.*

— "When I hear a man telling how foolish he was in his young days," says the Cunninsville sage, "I set it down in my mind that he thinks he is pretty smart nowadays.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

His Knowledge of English—Eckstein—"Dot feller vot vas goin' to s art at der same time ve does means to call his place der ballu! rate store."

Epstein—"Vell, ve go him a few better. Ve will call ours der fourth-rate store."

And it was so done.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Bighead—"It's strange how things even up in this world, if you watch."

Softly—"For instance?"

Bighead—"I was in a hurry this morning and just missed the car I wanted, and, at the same moment, one going in the opposite direction just missed me."—*Puck.*

— "Do you think Miss Graduate is a good match for your son Larkin?"

"Well, I reckon they're about even. He broke three ribs playing foot ball and she fractured her arm in a college rush."—*Detroit Free Press.*

PASSING OF THE COWBOY.

Like the Buffalo, the Knight of the Plains Will Soon Be Extinct.

The cowboy, like the buffalo, is fast becoming extinct. In the dawn of the new century now approaching he will be regarded as a curiosity. Ten years hence he will almost have attained the dignity of tradition. History, which embalms the man in armor and exalts the pioneer, holds a place for him. The niche may be a modest one, but he has had his part in conquering a new country, and no impartial record of western evolution can omit his picturesque figure. Before civilization devours his identity let us try to detain it a moment in its real likeness and garb.

The supreme content with his condition is an element of cowboy character that colors all his actions. His point of view is that of the man on horseback. He represents the aristocracy of the plains, and while some persons who follow their vocations on foot are even allowed under stress of circumstances to become his employers it is only the sternest necessity that makes him dismount. What the ship is to the sailor, the pony is to the cow puncher—a term which his American levity prefers to cowboy or vaquero. One who sits in the saddle for years becomes the antithesis of Anteus, who gained strength by each contact with the earth. The cowboy, in common with the Spaniard and the Comanche Indian, is at a disadvantage when he walks. Like Shelley's skylark, he is a "scorner of the ground." The personality of horse and rider is in a measure merged. The one without the other is only a part of the whole.

So the Texas anecdote is credible enough. It relates that a cowboy looking for work was offered the employment of digging a well. "Can I do it on horseback?" was the query and covert stipulation. Of equal credibility is Lieutenant Revere's story anent the provincial governor in California. This official was careless enough to cross the street without the aid of his horse. Falling, he broke his leg on some obstruction. A Chicago man would have sued somebody, but the governor discerned the real cause of the accident, exclaiming, "This is what comes of walking on the ground."

When the nature of a certain work on a cattle ranch compels him to the earth, the cowboy clings to his accouterments. In a country free from alarms I have seen him digging post holes hampered by his heavy six shooter and chaparajos. When put at the humiliating task of planting potatoes—which he afterward ate with much relish—I have observed that he removed neither his gun nor his huge spurs.

The cowboy's attitude toward his employers from the east has generally been one of amiable toleration. He recognizes them as a necessary adjunct to the business—a source of supply of bronchos to "bust" and cows to "punch." The owners do not suffer in consequence. Under the supervision of a foreman or manager who is himself a "cow hand" the "puncher's" peculiar abiltiy, tireless activity—on horseback—and contempt for hardships make him a valuable man. He knows what he owes himself rather than what he owes the owners, but the distinction does not impair his usefulness.—Lippincott's.

A Georgia Idyl.

On a hill in Butts county is a comfortable house. Around the house the crowing cocks and cackling geese mingle their voices with the "pot rack" of the guineas, while the lowing cows, coming home at milking time, attract the attention of the laughing children who have been listening to mamma singing "Rock of Ages, Cleft For Me," while the sewing machine kept time to the tune. The rattling chains from the horses' necks frighten the lazy hogs from their bed as they approach a lot in which there is corn and provender to spare. That home is well sustaining, and no mortgage has ever known its wherebouts. No sheriff has ever crossed its threshold. The faithful wife and manly husband love to work and consider it honorable. They are more concerned as to the time to rob the bees than when congress shall meet. They know no sovereign save God and please each other. Oh, happy, contented people! Yours is indeed a happy home.—Jackson (Ga.) Argus.

Acquainted.

"Stranger in the city?" asked the affable young man.

"Hardly know whether I am or not," answered the man with the whiskers. "I only been here three times in my life an don't know one street frum another, but I been bunkoed twicet an run in onoet already."—Indianapolis Journal.

Good Combination.

Downton—Here comes Binkers. He's got a new baby, and he'll talk us to death.

Upton—Well, here comes a neighbor of mine who has a new dog. Let's introduce them to each other and leave them to their fate.—London Answers.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

TATTOOING AND CRIMINALS.

A French Writer Who Does Not Believe In a Connection Between the Two.

The French scientific journal Archives d'Anthropologie Criminelle prints a curious and interesting study of tattooing in its relation to criminals and other outcasts, vagabonds and the insane. The article is made up partly of extracts from a recently published German work on the subject and partly from the studies of anthropologists in various countries, especially in Italy, France and Germany. Some persons have thought that the habit of submitting to the tattooing process not unusual among criminals and rare among persons of regular and reputable life was evidence of the close relation of the criminal to the primitive savage, in fact, an effect of atavism. There have been many attempts also to trace a relation between the subjects depicted in tattoo upon the bodies of criminals and others and their mental and moral characteristics. The conclusions of the article are not favorable to those theories.

Although an examination of criminals in many prisons seems to indicate a decided taste for tattooing among them, the belief of the compiler of the article is that the fact that a man is tattooed cannot be taken as indicating anything as to the category to which he belongs. It is believed that the frequency of tattooing among any class of men is determined by external rather than internal causes. No anthropological analogy is found in the tattooed designs, though the subjects of tattooing upon the persons of prisoners agree with the view and customs of persons belonging to their social grade. Tattooed persons do not have marked criminal characteristics, and ordinarily they are not dangerous or insensible to good. Lines without color made in prison by the prisoner upon himself seem to indicate morbid psychic excitement. Colored tattooing is a valuable aid in reconstructing the past of a prisoner and for the identification of criminals, though not so good for the latter purpose as anthropometrics.

The facts and figures that precede these conclusions are of the most curious sort.

Tattooing seems to be common among the lowest class of women of loose lives. One student of the subject examined 800 of these women and found that 10 per cent were tattooed. Names and initials of lovers were common marks. After a capital "E" followed the name, to signify that the affection was eternal. Hearts pierced with a dagger were common, as indeed they are upon tattooed men. The breast and forearm are favorite places for tattooing with both women and men. There is a conjecture that women of weak will and vagabond habits submit to tattooing oftener than others, and its prevalence among women of loose lives is ascribed to their association with criminals.

It has been found that a considerable proportion of the insane poor are tattooed. They exhibit a curious variety of subjects—allegorical, erratic, religious and conventional—but the students of the subjects have not been able to discover that the hallucinations of the mad have any relation to the tattoo marks that they bear. Favorite subjects are a woman's head and bust, soldiers, clasped hands, which is probably a Masonic sign, stars, comets, a boot with spur, Christ crucified, an altar with candles, the sun, animals and mathematical figures.

The article does not refer to the accepted belief that tattooing is commoner among sailors than among men in other occupations, though some statistics of the former occupations of tattooed criminals show a large proportion of sailors. There is no special reference to the elaborately tattooed men and women that exhibit themselves in dime museums on this side of the water or to the fact that men have been found tattooed almost from head to foot with Masonic emblems. There is no reference either to the fact that the enforced idleness of some prisoners and of sailors on long voyages probably leads them to resort to tattooing as a means of killing time.—New York Sun.

Bacteria and Not Thunder.

Scientists long since "went on record" as believing the ozone produced by electric discharges during thunderstorms to be the cause of milk coagulating and souring during the prevalence of such phenomena. Recent experiments by Professor Treadwell prove that the souring of milk is not due to oxidation caused by ozone or other products of the electric discharge, but that it is produced by the growth of bacteria in the fluid, the growth of which is exceptionally rapid in sultry, hot weather such as usually precedes thunderstorms.—St. Louis Republic.

Life is not a plaything to be used as long as it gives pleasure and then cast aside. It is an imperative trust, a continuous obligation from which no grief, no loss, no shame can ever absolve us.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind †

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

From LaGrippe.

How Dr. Miles' Nervine Restored One of Kentucky's Business Men to Health.

NO DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sleepless, nerveless, as LaGrippe.

Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Kentucky, says: "In 1889 and '90 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, the last one attacking my nervous system with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupefied me, but gave me no rest. I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker.

When in this condition, I commenced using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. In two days I began to improve and in one month's time I was cured, much to the surprise of all who knew of my condition. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends."

Louisville, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. HILTON.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

Formale by all Druggists
June 15 1y su tu th change.

The Religious Census.

According to the religious census report just issued, the total communicants of all denominations are 20,612,806, who belong to 165,177 organizations of congregations. These congregations have 142,521 edifices, which have sittings for 43,564,863 persons. The value of all church property used exclusively for purposes of worship is $679,630,139. There are 171,036 regular ministers, not including lay preachers. There are five bodies which have more than 1,000,000 communicants and ten more than 500,000. The leading denominations have communicants in round numbers as follows: Catholic, 6,250,000; Methodist, 4,600,000; Baptist, 3,725,000; Presbyterian, 1,280,332; Lutheran, 1,230,000; Protestant Episcopal, 640,000.

Chilly Siberia.

In the northern parts of Siberia the cold is so intense that the earth never thaws to a greater depth than five or six feet. Bodies of the dead buried below this remain perpetually frozen. At a depth of 400 feet below the surface the earth is still at a temperature of 10 degrees below freezing.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Cailloutte, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in mys tore I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute	@	5½
Standard	7½@	8¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams, ℔ lb	13½@	14
Sides, ℔ lb	7½@	7½
Shoulders, ℔ lb	6 @	6½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides, ℔ lb	5½@	5¾
Shoulders, ℔ lb	5 @	5
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BBESWAX, ℔ lb	26 @	27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ℔ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	11 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ℔ lb	15	
Northern	23	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	45
Virginia Meal	50 @	45
COTTON TIES— ℔ bundle	@	65
CANDLES— ℔ lb—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE— ℔ lb—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	@	10
COFFEE— ℔ lb—	27 @	28
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	15½@	20
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	6	6½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS— ℔ dozen	10 @	12½
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 35 @	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	6 00 @	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ℔ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5 @	10
" Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR— ℔ barrel—		
Low grade	@	3 00
Choice	2 75 @	3 00
Straight	3 75 @	3 85
First Patent	@	4 25
GLUE— ℔ lb	7½@	10
GRAIN— ℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	42½@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	47 @	49
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	47½@	48½
Oats, from store	@	55
Oats, Rust Proof	@	45
Cow Peas	50 @	60
HIDES, ℔ lb—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	2 @	3½
LARD, ℔ lb—		
Northern	5½@	9@
North Carolina	5 @	10
LIME, ℔ barrel		1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	30 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West Indies cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	28
" in bbls	@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	@	27½
" in bbls	35 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" in bbls	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13 @	20
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	@	2 80
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City	10 50@	10 80
Rump	@	10 00
Prime	@	10 00
ROPE, ℔ lb	10 @	12
SALT, ℔ sack Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	65
Lisbon	@	
American	@	65
on 125 ℔ Sacks	40 @	45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	3 50
Cypress Sap	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb Standard Granu'd	4½@	5
Standard A	@	4¾
White Ex. C	@	4¾
Extra C, Golden	4 @	4¼
C, Yellow	@	3¾
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3½@	
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00 @	10
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	10 @	9 00
Mill, Prime	00 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	5 00 @	4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ lb	5 @	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2
North Carolina	1 00 @	2
WOOL, ℔ lb—Washed	12 @	
Clear of burrs	19@	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 27.

NAVAL STORES.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 24½ cents per gallon for country and 25 cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 35 per bbl for Strained and $1 40 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on Change steady at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 60 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard at $1 35, Virgin and Yellow Dip, $1 60.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 24½c; rosin, strained, $0 95; good strained $1 00; tar $0 95; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	26
Rosin	119
Tar	136
Crude Turpentine	19

Receipts same day last year—72 casks spirits turpentine, 370 bbls rosin, 335 bbls tar, 95 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Steady on a basis of 8c for Middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅝	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6⅞	" "
Low Middling	7 11-16	" "
Middling	8	" "
Good Middling	8 5-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 5½c.

Receipts—807 bales; same day last year 2,248.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, December 11.—Evening—Money on call was steady a 2@2½ last loan at 2 and closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange easier; actual business in bankers' bills 487¾@487¾ for sixty days and 488½@489½ for demand. Commercial bills 486½@487¼. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 112¼; United States twos 97. State bonds quiet; North Carolina fours 104; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds were lower.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was weak.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, December 11—Evening—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8¼c; middling 8¼c.

Cotton futures closed barely steady; December 8 20, January 8 33, February 8 37, March 8 39, April 8 37, May 8 41, June 8 45, July 8 46, August 8 47, September 8 18, October 8 06, November 8 07. Sales 221,100 bales.

Cotton—Net receipts —— bales; gross 3 479 bales; exports to Great Britain 100 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 2 231 bales; forwarded 11,168 bales; sales 281 bales, sales to spinners 281 bales; stock (actual) 175 457 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 41,454 bales; exports to Great Britain 6 880 bales, to France —— bales, to the Continent 17,591 bales; stock 965,436 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 164 944 bales; exports to Great Britain 47,596 bales; to France 36 486 bales, to the Continent 41 949 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 2,833,133 bales; exports to Great Britain 788 896 bales; exports to France 240 579 bales; exports to the Continent 697,411 bales.

NEW YORK, December 11—Flour was quiet and steady at quotations; winter wheat, low grades $2 25@2 65; fair to fancy $2 65@3 30; patents $3 45@3 75 Minnesota clear $3 50@3 10; patents $3 15@4 10; low extra $2 25@2 65; city mills $3 90@4 00; do patents 4 00@4 25; Southern dull steady, common to extra fair $2 10@2 80; good to choice $2 90@3 00. Wheat—spot weaker, fairly active; No 2 red in store and at elevator 69⅝@69⅞ afloat 71½@71¼c; options opened quiet and steady but weakened later and closed weak at ⅛@⅝c decline; No. 2 red January 66¾, March 68⅝c; May 67⅞c. June 67⅞c; July 68c; December 66½c. Corn easy and less active; No. 2 at elevator 34¾c; afloat 35¾c; options were quiet and steady but declined on expected free receipts, closing easy at ⅛@⅜c below yesterday; December 34¾; January 34¼c; May 35c. Oats—spot dull and unchanged; options dull and unchanged to ⅛c down; December 23¾c; February 23½c; March 24c; May 24¾c; spot prices—No. 2 23¾@23c; No 2 white 24¼c; mixed Western 23@24c Hay firm with a good demand; spring 70@75c; good to choice 87½@97½. Wool quiet and firm; domestic fleece 16@23c; pulled 15@34c. Beef quiet; family $10 00@13 00, extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams dull at $15 00@15 50 tierced beef was quiet; city extra India mess $16 00; cut meats dull and easy; pickled bellies 4½c; shoulders 5@5¼c; hams 8¼@8¾c; middles nominal. Lard quiet and weak; Western steam $5 45 city $5 00@5 10, December $5 45 nominal; refined dull; Continent $5 90; South America $6 80; compound $4 63¾@5 00 Pork was easy and dull; mess $9 00@9 50. Butter fairly active; choice firm; State dairy 12@22, do creamery 19@26c; Western dairy 10¼@17c; Elgins 27. Tallow quiet and easy, city 4c bid; country 4¼@4¾c. Cotton seed oil quiet and unchanged. Rice was quoted firm; domestic, fair to extra 5@5¾c; Japan 3¾@4c. Molasses quiet; New Orleans, open kettle good to choice 27@35. Peanuts quiet. Coffee quiet and unchanged to points up; March $13 40@13 45; May $13 80@13 90; July 13 45; September $11 90@11 95; spot Rio dull but steady No. 7 $14 50. Sugar—raw quiet and steady; fair refining 3¼@3¼c; refined was quoted quiet and steady; off A 4 3 16@4¼c; standard A 4⅝; granulated 4⅝@4¾c; cut loaf 5¼c; crushed 5¼c. Freights to Liverpool quiet and steady; quotations unchanged.

CHICAGO, December 11—Cash quotations: Flour steady and firm. Wheat—No 2 spring 57⅞@59½c; No 2 red 61⅜@61¾c. Corn—No. 2 25¾c. Oats—No 2 17¾@17¾.

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1v

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin Cracks.	
Corns,		

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

NEW EVERY MORNING.

Every day is a fresh beginning.
  Every morn is a world made new.
You who are weary of sorrow and sinning,
  Here is a beautiful hope for you,
  A hope for me and a hope for you.

All the past things are past and over.
  The tasks are done, and the tears are shed.
Yesterday's errors let yesterday cover.
  Yesterday's wounds which smarted and bled
  Are healed with the healing which night has shed.

Yesterday now is a part of forever,
  Bound up in a sheaf which God holds tight,
With glad days and sad days and bad days which never
  Shall visit us more with their bloom and their blight,
  Their fullness of sunshine or sorrowful night.

Let them go, since we cannot recall them,
  Cannot undo and cannot atone.
God in his mercy receive, forgive them!
  Only the new days are our own.
  Today is ours and today alone.

Here are the skies all burnished brightly;
  Here is the spent earth all reborn;
Here are the tired limbs springing lightly
  To face the sun and to share with the morn
  In the chrism of dew and the cool of dawn.

Every day is a fresh beginning.
  Listen, my soul, to the glad refrain,
And spite of old sorrow and older sinning
  And puzzles forecasted and possible pain
  Take heart with the day and begin again.
—Susan Coolidge.

A COMPLICATION.

Not to make a mystery of this story and thus harrow up the reader's feelings as we go along with the recital of the curious game of cross purposes at which Minnie Fleming and her husband played I will state the facts of the beginning, so that you may understand the situation.

Minnie Fleming was a subdued, quiet, little woman, with something like ten times the amount of brains her husband possessed, but she was not aware of it and would have been very indignant if any one had ventured to suggest such a thing, for she looked up to her husband with love, admiration and respect.

Knowing Jim Fleming well, it always seemed to me that his wife's admiration for him was entirely misplaced. This may be professional jealousy, for I have to admit that I never could read with patience anything Fleming ever wrote. His work seemed to me, not to put it too plainly, guff of the slushiest sort, and there is too much of that kind of writing in the world now. Jim Fleming is a big, gruff, somewhat good natured person, with a thorough belief in his own abilities, which, as I have intimated, most of us do not think justifiable by facts. He is the editor of Pot Shots, a London weekly that used to have a large circulation, which is now generally understood to have fallen off on account of the tremendous competition there is in the journalistic business. It is a paper that offers £2,000 insurance money to the heirs of a man who is killed by falling out of a balloon if at the time of the disaster he happens to have a copy of Pot Shots in his pocket.

Now it happened that little Mrs. Minnie Fleming had literary ideas that were promptly crushed by her big husband. She possessed, as I have said, an amazing respect for his literary judgment, and with fear and trembling she had on several occasions submitted little stories to him, hoping that they might merit a place between the covers of Pot Shots, but Jim ridiculed the stupidity of these yarns so severely that Mrs. Fleming, after having a quiet little cry all by herself, showed him no more of these efforts at fiction. Nevertheless she thought her stories, if not good enough for Pot Shots, might be palmed off on other less well edited journals, so she took to sending her stories round to one another of the London publications, getting them back as a general rule, but having one taken now and then; just enough success to keep up her courage. You may be sure that she took good care not to let her husband know anything of these excursions into the fields of literature, but she hoped to be able to earn something with her pen, with the humble desire of helping Jim out if ever he wanted a little additional money. She had read pretty little stories about wives who have saved a penny today and threepence tomorrow, storing the coins away so that when they were poured out on the coming of a family crisis they amounted to a wonderful fund that tided over all the difficulties. She soon found that her chief customer was the editor of The Family Bouncer, a weekly paper that went in strongly for fiction of all kinds. Her little stories seemed to suit the kind of readers who took that celebrated journal, and, although the pay was small at first, the "crisis fund," as she called it, was constantly augmented.

At last she received a very nice letter from the editor of The Family Bouncer. He said he had been watching her little stories with interest for some time past, and that he felt certain she could write a serial if she set her mind to it. Without making any definite promises he wrote that he hoped she would try, and that she would let him see the result. This letter filled the timorous little heart of Minnie with joy, and she set herself to work to write the long story.

Not to make too long a story of this long story it may be said that it pleased the editor, was printed in installments and more than pleased the readers of The Family Bouncer.

Mrs. Fleming wrote under the name of "Hilda Markham," and the result of the appearance of her first long story was that Greig & Co., the literary agents, wrote to her and offered to place any stories she cared to write at as advantageous prices as the market would afford for a commission of 10 per cent. This offer she accepted, and the results were extremely gratifying to her, whatever they may have been to the editors who had to pay the increased prices.

And this brings us to the point where this story really begins. One editor generally knows pretty well which of his contemporaries, esteemed or otherwise, has the largest circulation and which has not, and Jim Fleming saw with dismay that the circulation of his own paper was falling rapidly, and that it was evident that his penny public was drifting over to The Family Bouncer.

In investigating the reason for this he quickly came upon the bald fact that the increase in his rival was largely due to the stories of the new writer, Hilda Markham. So he resolved to get a story from that lady at all hazards and thus save his own circulation, which was coming down like a man falling from a balloon eager to bestow the insurance money on his surviving relatives.

It was one of Jim's theories that women have no heads for business and that of all women in the world his own wife had the least capacity in that direction. He made up his mind that he would go as far as £150 for a story by Hilda Markham, and he wrote a letter to her agents opening negotiations for a serial. As it happened two other editors wrote with a similar object that same day, and the agents were in the delightful financial position of suddenly finding the demand greater than the supply. So they replied to each of the editors that Miss Markham's next story would be £500 for serial rights alone. This price took Jim Fleming's breath away, especially as he had been accustomed all these years to fill the paper with his own stuff and with stolen matter from America. It seemed hard that an honest editor should be asked to pay away good money to a mere writer. So he wrote to the agents expostulating against the exorbitant terms, and was told in reply that they had two other offers for the story, and merely gave him the first chance because his letter happened to be the first opened. The agent intimated that if he wanted the story he should have to make up his mind at once, so that the others might not be kept waiting.

Then it was that Jim Fleming went home worried about the matter, and he was never a man who concealed his irritation when he entered his own house. Poor Minnie Fleming was very much troubled to see her husband in the state of exasperation that now encompassed him. She asked him timidly to confide his woes to her, and perhaps she might be able to help him out—a suggestion which Jim received with lofty scorn.

"Is it a money trouble, Jim?" she asked.

"All troubles are money troubles," replied her husband. "There is no other trouble in this world except lack of money."

"Have you a payment to make?" she asked.

"Yes."

"How much?"

"Now, what the deuce good would it do you to know? Have you a banking account?"

"I have a small one," said his wife, trembling as she spoke, for she felt that her secret was in jeopardy.

Jim looked up at her quickly.

"A small one!" he said. "Can't you tell me plainly how much money you have, if you have any?"

"You don't tell me plainly," she answered, with more spirit than she had yet shown. "How much is it that you need?"

"Very well," replied Jim gruffly. "I need £500. Have you got it?"

"No, I have not. How soon do you want it?"

"I want it now. That is, I want it tomorrow or the next day at the least."

"Then," said the wife, with dignity, "I will see if I can get it for you tomorrow or the next day."

After Fleming had left for London on the following morning his wife put on her best apparel and went in the city soon after her husband. She never called upon her agent before. All her negotiations had been carried on by letter. She walked three times past the office before she had the courage to go up the stairs. The demand she was about to make was so enormous and she felt there was such a little chance of success that had it not been for the sake of her husband she would not have ventured.

When the clerk showed her into the great man's room, her courage nearly left her, but when the great man discovered that she was the rising author, "Hilda Markham," he was all geniality and smiles.

"I have brought you here," she said, her hands trembling as she undid the string, for she seemed to have a vague idea that if she showed him the writing she might have less difficulty to get along with him. "I have brought with me the complete MS. of the last novel I have written. I think it is better than the last."

"It is sure to be good," said the agent encouragingly.

"But—but"— stammered Mrs. Fleming, "I want to know if you could advance me £500."

The agent looked grave.

"Do you mean that we are to ask that much for the novel?"

"Oh, no, no!" said Mrs. Fleming eagerly. "But I promise to write you another one as soon as possible. I need the £500 for a particular purpose, and I must have it today if it is to do any good."

"Well," said the agent, "we sometimes advance money to authors, and if I could be sure of having all your work for the future I think I might stretch a point in this case and let you have the money."

Mrs. Fleming gave a gasp of relief, and the great man, calling a clerk, wrote out a check for £500 and presented it to her. After she had signed the receipt, given him the MS. and put her name to a contract, Mrs. Fleming hurried home to place the money in the bank, but that was one of the days when the bank closed at 2 o'clock, and she arrived there just five minutes too late. She was dismayed at this, for there was no place in their suburb where the check could be cashed, and she dared not give the check to her husband, or the whole secret would be out.

Meanwhile the agent as soon as she left the room called his clerk and said:

"Write to James Fleming of Pot Shots that we regret that we are not able to sell him Hilda Markham's story for $500. The author, tell him, has called upon us and refused to sell for less than £600, although of course you may inform him that if he had taken our offer when first made we would have had to pocket the loss."

As soon as the letter was signed a messenger was sent with it to Fleming. The receipt of it nearly drove that good man wild. He had the announcement of the story in type and wanted to publish it in the next number. He had such little faith in his wife being able to get the money that he had actually forgotten she had promised to do so, and he went home that night in even worse temper than the night before.

His wife said apologetically to him when he came in:

"I have gotten that £500, but would it make any difference to you if I did not give you the check for it until tomorrow?"

"What are you talking about?" he cried angrily. "If you have the money tonight, why should I wait till tomorrow?"

"I have it in the form of a check," she answered, "and that check I wish to place in the bank."

"I'll warrant the check is not good for anything," said Fleming. "Let me see it."

"I would rather not do that," said his wife. "I will give you the check if you will not ask any questions."

"Good heavens!" cried Jim. "I will ask no questions if you really have the money. Let me see the check."

He looked at it a moment in amazement and then at his wife. Forgetting his promise, he said:

"How in heaven's name do you come to have a check from Greig & Co.? It is to Greig & Co. that I have to pay £500, or rather if I had had the money yesterday or today it would have been £500. Now they have raised me another hundred. They say that Hilda Markham came in today and refused to sell her story for less than £600."

"Hilda Markham!" cried his wife faintly.

"Yes, Hilda Markham. I am compelled to buy one of her stories or see our circulation go to pieces."

Fleming's wife sat down in an easy chair, and there was a twinkle about her eyes that suggested laughter, which caused Jim to frown deeply.

"Jim, dear," said Minnie, "I know you are ever so much more clever than I am, but I really think you don't confide enough in your wife. It would have saved you a good deal of trouble if you had told me just what you wanted. I am Hilda Markham, and goodness knows you might have had all the stories I have ever written if you had wanted them, but now I have signed a contract with Greig for all future novels, and thus, you see, for want of a little confidence between us we shall be forever paying Greig 10 per cent, merely that he may hand my stories to you. Jim, I don't believe you are nearly as wise a man as I always thought you were."—Luke Sharp in Detroit Free Press.

LECTURES.

Something About Famous Discourses and the Men Who Delivered Them.

It appears that a clever lyceum lecturer may run a single lecture for a lifetime and may make a barrel of money by repeating it year after year before different audiences. In a book of reminiscences by the genial Bishop Clark of Rhode Island he makes revelation of the fact that he has delivered one of his own lectures 350 times! Let us regret that he does not tell the amount of profit he has got from it. Plenty of lecturers have taken in from $100 to $1,000 for a lecture, and, as the bishop used to be a platform star, well worth $1,000 a time, he may have got a pretty handsome annual income from his lecture. Suppose he delivered it ten times a year at that price for 35 years, he could live in clover on the proceeds. It is not every man who would sneeze at $10,000 a year from the time he was, say, 40 years old till he reached the age of 75, all earned by rattling off the same old lecture once a month, with two months for vacation and bracing up.

We never heard how many times the once famous teetotal orator, John B. Gough, delivered his lecture on "The Bottle," but we would not wonder worth a cent if we were told 1,000 times. We do not know how often that eloquent American, Wendell Phillips, now deceased, repeated his lecture on "The Lost Arts," but we know that it served his purpose for very many years. It was a masterpiece too.

If a man can get up a lecture that will go, the world is his peach. A street organ which gives you the same tune all the time is nothing to it.

That satirical lecturer, the late David R. Locke, better known as the "Rev. Petroleum Vesuvius Nasby," had a device by which he saved time and brain. He himself once confessed to us that when a lyceum committee from any place called upon him to engage his services and asked what he would lecture about he always told them to take their choice, "Cursed Be Canaan," "Moses In the Bulrushes," "Wisdom For Seekers" and "Our Country's Hope." "But," said Nasby confidentially, "I had only one lecture all the time, and whatever title they liked best they got the same old thing. It suited any title, every place and all occasions!"

We never had the happiness to hear the lecture which Bishop Clark has repeated 350 times, year in and year out. Its title is "The Living Machine," and there could not be a better one. It is a great thing for a lecture to have a catching on title. It is a great thing also for a lecturer to be as grand looking as the now aged Bishop Clark was in the years of his lecturing.—New York Sun.

DIVINING RODS.

Said to Be Only a Silly Fraud Fit to Fool Simpletons.

A divining rod is simply a forked piece of wood (generally witchhazel) which is alleged to indicate the presence of mineral in the ground when the party having it walks over the surface. The usual directions for its use are to hold the forked end of the rod in the hands, and when over the body of mineral the other end will dip toward the ground.

It is impossible to say what charlatan first imposed the divining rod on credulous people during the superstitious ages. To attempt to sell such instruments in this enlightened age is an insult to the general intelligence.

There never was a simple rod that could exercise such power with the exception of the miraculous rod of Moses which by a divine miracle drew water from a rock for the relief of the suffering Israelites.

The only instrument that will indicate the presence of a mineral is the miner's compass, and it works in conformity to a recognized law of nature. It will indicate the presence of iron ore by the dipping of a magnetized needle, when held over a body of ore lying near the surface. We have recently received several letters from men in various parts of the country, who were not inclined to believe the claims made for divining rods by a party in a small village who offered them for sale in advertisements inserted in country newspapers, but who were anxious to possess such an instrument if reliable. To these we have invariably replied that the parties offering such instruments for sale were relying on the credulity of superstitious people to make their sales.

The man who buys a divining rod is more foolish than one who will throw the price of the rod away, for the one who throws the money away loses only the price of the rod. The one who buys the rod loses both the money and the time he spends in vain attempts to locate a body of mineral by use of the rod. If the mineral does not crop to the surface, there is but one way to find it, and that is by prospect shafts or drill holes.—Colliery Engineer.

The Corn Fed Philosopher.

"The actions of some of these reformers," said the corn fed philosopher, "remind me much of the way my father used to pull weeds in the garden for about a minute to show me how easy it was. Then he would go off and sit down in the shade and leave me to keep at it all forenoon."—Indianapolis Journal.

Day and Night on Mercury.

Professor G. V. Schiaparelli, the astronomer, gives some curious points concerning day and night as exhibited to the people of Mercury—that is, of course, providing the torrid climate of that planet permits of the existence of organized beings. The professor says that on three-eighths of the planet thick and eternal night forever reigns except perhaps during an occasional exhibition of some phenomenon similar to the aurora borealis.

Another portion of the planet of similar area is continually exposed to the burning rays of the sun, and the inhabitants, providing that there are any, know nothing whatever of night, sunrises and sunsets.

"Night," says Schiaparelli, "on that three-eighths of the Mercurian world is a physical impossibility, and the only change that can take place is the varying obliquity of the sun's rays, which shift according to the sun's position during the 88 days which go to make up the year."

In another region on this planet there are two-eighths of the entire surface which have alterations of light and darkness. In these favorable sections the period of 88 days is divided into two intervals, one characterized by continual light and the other by perpetual darkness.

Taken all together, we should be well pleased with the conditions existing on our world, which are perhaps better suited to human beings than those of any of the sun's great train of planets.

In the year 1891 there were circulating in the United States $1,175,000,000. The gold, silver and currency held in the United States treasury at the same time would increase the nominal sum to over $2,000,000,000.

Ohio has the greatest number of farms, 251,430, having 23,352,408 acres. Illinois is second, with 240,681 farms and 30,498,277 acres, Missouri being third, with 238,043 farms and 30,780,290 acres.

It is small things that count in the battle of life. I have seen men get out of an elephant's way without any trouble, but they had a terrible struggle to get rid of a flea.—Atlanta Constitution.

The coldest place in the world is Yakutch, Russia. The thermometer sometimes falls to 73 degrees below zero.

The Kanawha river in West Virginia was named from an Indian tribe.

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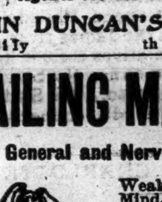

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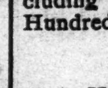

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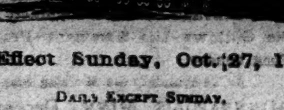

In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND
8		7
P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
2 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 40
3 58	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	10 42
4 30	Lv.. Maysville........Lv	10 09
4 44	Lv.. Pollocksville.....Lv	9 55
5 2	Ar.. Newbern Lv	9 20
P M		A M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Connection with Steamers at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 17, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.47 a m, Warsaw 11.01 a m, Goldsboro 11.56 a m, Wilson 12.40 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.56 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.26 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.29 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.48 p m, Columbia 10.10 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.00 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.52 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.03 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 a m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 p m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 8.02 a m, Magnolia 8.15 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10 a m returning leaves Tarboro 4 30 p m; Parmele 6.20 p. m, arrives Washington 7.45 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m.; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11 55 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C.; 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.05 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 p m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 20 a m and 7 15 p m. Lucknow 1 00 p m, and 8 15 p m; returning leave Lucknow 6 30 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 8 00 a m and 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8 40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 02 p m, arrives Dillon 6.21 p m, Latta 6.34 p m, Pee Dee 6.57 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 7 05 p m, returning leave Clio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 8.45 a m, *8.50 a m, 7 35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.20 a m, *9.20 a m, 8 p m, Hartsville *10 a m and 8.50 p m, Bennettsville 8 54 p m, Gibson 9 20 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Gibson 5 47 a m, Bennettsville 6 16 a m, Hartsville 6.30 a m, †6 45 a m. Darlington 7.20 a m, †7 30 p m, 4.30 p m., 6.05 p m, arrive Florence 7.55 a m, †7 55 a m, 5 p m, 6 45 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m. 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.02 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.25 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7 25 a m, arrives Sumter †8 55 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †5 40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 33 a m, arrives Denmark 6 20 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leaves Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrives Sumter †8 05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6 25 p m, arrives Darlington †7 55 p m.

†Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. nov 20 tf

The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

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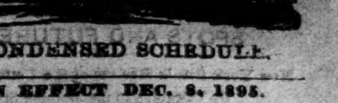

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT DEC. 8, 1895.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 55 p. m	Ar... Wilmington ...Lve	7 25 a. m
4 45 "	Lv.... Fayetteville ...Ar	10 35 a m
4 33 "	Ar .. Fayetteville ... Lv	10 55 "
4 30 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	10 57 "
3 19 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	12 19 p. m
1 22 a m	Lv....Climax......Lv	2 25 "
1 08 "	Lv....Greensboro...Ar	2 56 "
12 58 "	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	3 05 "
12 12 a m	Lv....Stokesdale....Lv	3 59 "
11 45 "	Lv....Walnut Cove....Lv	4 31 "
11 35 "	Ar....Walnut Cove....Lv	4 38 "
11 05 "	Lv.....Rural Hall....Lv	5 11 "
9 35 "	Lv.....Mt Airy.....Ar	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar... Bennettsville...Lv	8 25 a m
6 12 "	Lv.....Maxton.....Ar	9 18 "
5 42 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	9 55 "
4 58 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 35 "
4 38 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	10 12 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15 MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 50 p m	Ar..... Ramseur.....Lv	6 45 a.
3 55 "	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv.....Greensboro....A	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 25 p
Leave Stokesdale	1 28 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 35 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

dec 8 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No403 Daily
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......
		A. M.	
Leave Maxton	6 13	12 45	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 43
Leave Charlotte			10 48
Leave Lincolnton			12 05
			P. M.
Leave Shelby			1 50
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex Sun'y	No402 Daily
	A. M.	P M.	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30	
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5 26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12 30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5 20 a m	4 09 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8 05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway. at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C.

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PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.

To Take Effect on Dec. 2, 1895

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	5.30 p m.
Leave Kollock Station	5.50 p. m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	6.20 p. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	6.40 p m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

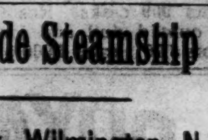
Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S.C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

dec 7 tf WM. MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN,	Saturday, Dec. 14
ONEIDA,	Saturday, Dec. 21

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA,	Saturday, Dec. 14
CROATAN,	Saturday, Dec. 21

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA,	Tuesday, Dec. 10
CROATAN.	Tuesday, Dec. 17

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

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WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. nov 28 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 12, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 11.—The *Sun* says: Cotton fell four points, recovered this and in some cases made a net advance of one to two points, but lost the improvement and dropped twelve to fourteen points below yesterday's closing prices, and ended barely steady, with sales of 221 100 bales. Liverpool advanced 1-32d on the spot, with sales of 12,000 bales; futures advanced three to three and a half points, but lost this and closed quiet. The port receipts were 41,454 bales, against 88 218 last week. In Manchester cloths were quiet; yarns, hardening tendency. Spot cotton here declined 1 16c.

To-day's features: Liverpool was a millstone around the neck of the market to-day. The news from that center was disappointing and this caused a liquidation by local operators. Besides, the receipts were rather larger than had been expected, spot prices here were weaker, and finally, the speculation was on a small scale. It showed greatly to the disappointment of the bulls, that Liverpool was not inclined to work with might and main on the bull side simply because the Bureau report of yesterday pointed to a crop of 6,875 000 bales. Yet Liverpool unquestionably continued active on the spot. Manchester advices were encouraging. If there had been a broader speculation there might have been a different story to tell. And even as the case now stands, there are advocates of better prices who have not hauled down their colors by any means and who think that to day's decline was a mere passing squall and that clear skies and smooth waters are ahead for the bulls—if not at once, then later on.

MANCHESTER, December 11.—In its commercial article the *Guardian* says: There is a more cheerful feeling in some quarters where sellers have more business—India leading. However in many directions there is a decided scarcity of workable offers. There is a marked demand for yarns and cloths made from Egyptian cotton. The decline in the price of silver discourages business. There have been inquiries from China for heavy shirtings, drills, sheetings and bleaching cloths, but the offers have been largely unworkable. The decline in the rate of exchange has interfered with the placing of orders. There are signs of improvement in business for the minor markets. Yarns show a better tone with a hardening tendency.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Mar Wheat, Corn and Oats Closed Lower—Pork Products Closed with a Decline in Prices.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, December 11.—The morning hours of to day's session of the Board of Trade were principally devoted to the discussion of the sensation of the hour—the suspension of F. J. Kennett, of the firm of Kennett, Hopkins & Co., from the privileges of the Board for five years as a penalty for having had business relations with a prominent bucket shop. The Government report, which was issued yesterday, was interpreted by traders bullishly, but it was not possessed of sufficient force to sustain values. May wheat opened from 61⅜c to 61⅝c, sold between 63@63¼c and 61@61¼c, closing at 61¼@61⅜c—⅝@⅞c under yesterday. Cash wheat was easy and ¼c per bushel lower.

The opening on corn was noticeably firm by comparison with the tone of wheat at the same time. Some talk of the interior movement being retarded by bad weather was heard which possibly induced some buying. The clearances at the seaboard, when announced later, gave additional reason for firmness, but the weakness which became conspicuous in wheat about noon effectually overcame the benefit results of previous information. May corn opened at 28¾c, sold between 28⅞ and 28⅝@28¾c, closing at 28¾c—unchanged from yesterday. Cash corn was firm early, but later became weak and declined ¼ of a cent.

Oats—There was no news and very little business. Several prominent scalpers sold moderately and some shorts covered up. Cash oats were steady to firm early but closed weak and ¼c lower.

Provisions—The business in product was not any better than it has been and prices were worse. Hogs being lower affected the trade unfavorably at the start and the weakness of wheat acted in a depressing manner on all. Packers sold moderately. Closing prices were 12½@15c lower for May pork, 5c lower for May lard and 7½c lower for May ribs.

STEAMSHIPS IN COLLISION.

One Sunk, the Other Badly Damaged—No Lives Lost.
By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, December 11.—The White Star steamer Germanic, Capt. McKinstry, which sailed hence to-day for New York, came into collision shortly after leaving the Mersey with the Glasgow steamer Cumbrae, inward-bound for Liverpool. The Cumbrae was sunk, and the Germanic's bows were stove. Fortunately the accident resulted in no loss of life. The Germanic rescued the passengers and crew of the wrecked vessel and returned to this port. A dense fog prevailed at the time of the collision. Among the passengers on the Germanic was Lord Dunraven.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

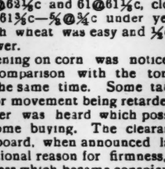
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 11.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steadier at 27¼@27¾. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 70@1 75.

CHARLESTON, December 11.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 24½c; receipts 13 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 20@1 25; receipts 496 barrels.

SAVANNAH, December 11.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c; sales 582 casks; receipts 909 casks. Rosin unchanged; pales quoted dull and for others firm; receipts 5 701; sales 6 000 barrels.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,
106 Wall Street, N. Y.

HARRY HAYWARD HUNG

EXECUTION OF THE MURDERER OF MISS CATHERINE GINTZ.

Pitiful Bravado of the Condemned Man on the Gallows—His Statement—Prayer for Forgiveness.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., December 11—Harry Hayward was launched into eternity at 2.09 o'clock this morning. Hayward spent the time until midnight with Edward Goodsell, his brother Adry, and a stenographer. Supper was served at midnight, and the visitors departed. Hayward ate a most hearty supper and appeared to greatly enjoy this, his last meal. At 1 o'clock Father Timothy, of the East Side, and Rev. Wm. Wilkinson visited Hayward. Upon returning from the cell they reported that there was practically nothing of a religious nature discussed by them, although Hayward said that he forgave all his enemies, and thanked them for coming. The ministers did not pray with him, nor did he seem to want them to.

At 1 35 Deputy Sheriff Phil. Megarden entered the corridor and read the death warrant. Hayward proceeded to make his toilet. Deputy Sheriffs Bright and Anderson acted as valets. Hayward calmly removed his standing collar, replacing it with one of the turn-down variety and a small white tie, which Deputy Sheriff Bright tied for him. Then he changed his coat and vest and appeared in a neat cutaway coat, high cut vest and dark trousers. The only trace of nervousness was shown by his repeatedly wiping his hands with a silk handkerchief. All this time Deputy Sheriff Megarden was reading the authority of the Governor for the execution. When he concluded Hayward calmly brushed his clothes with a small whisk broom. Then he turned to Megarden and said: "You did not read all of that, did you? Looks as if there was more there."

Megarden replied that he had finished the document and took his departure about 1.30. After Megarden had left Hayward paced up and down the corridor a few times and then called out to Dr. Burton: "Well, Doc., its getting pretty close, but if you think you will forget your lines, I will try and coach you. This is the last hanging that I will have anything to do with. This is apparently my last day on earth."

"When Harry Hayward is hung, his ghost will turn around and say that is is ashamed of his body," yelled Hayward to a group on the lower floor. "Say, if there are any newspaper men down there put that in or you will feel cold, clammy hands down the back of your neck, and you will know what that means. It means that Harry Hayward's ghost has returned to see that you do it."

The death march began at 1.55 a. m. The little procession slowly wended its way to the cage door and passed out into the short corridor connecting the north and south cell rooms. "Three cheers for Harry Hayward!" yelled Hayward and some one responded with three faint cheers. With his head erect and walking with as firm a step as would characterize his movement on Nicolett aveuue, he walked along the short corridor and into the cell room. "Good evening, gentlemen," said the criminal, as he walked up the almost perpendicular stairway and stood upon the drop.

'Have you any statement to make, Mr. Hayward," asked Sheriff Homberg.

Hayward replied that he had, and then he began: "The people think that I am a kind of a devil, and if they knew my past life they would be well aware of that fact. I have made a shorthand confession of some of my deeds to Messrs. Mannix, Goodsell and Mayby, which is true to the best of my recollections."

This was said in a slow, hesitating manner as if the speaker had been rehearsing his part, but feared lest he should forget his lines.

"Say, Doyle," he called; "Doyle, where are you? Stick up your hand. I can not see you; but, how do you do?"

All this was said with an air of bravado, which showed that the man had his nerves under a most wonderful control.

"Say, Clemens," called Hayward to his ex-barber, "did you get those tickets? You did? Well, all right."

"Well, have I said anything about Mannix? I meant to say something about him," he drawled, "but I am afraid that I have torgotten it. I have the most kindly feeling for Mr. Mannix and he has been a good friend of mine. He has been with me for several days and we have been preparing a statement of which I spoke before. Well, what shall I say about Mannix?"

"Harry," spoke up Mr. Mannix, who was present, "Harry, you have said enough. You have nothing more to say. Act in the same dignified manner as has characterized your conduct for the past forty eight hours and die like a man. Think of your father and mother who are now in tears and forgive all who have ever testified against you or sought to do aught against you."

"I have freely forgiven them all and do now forgive all who have in any way done or attempted to do me any wrong. These priests were here and felt sorry that I do not have the same views as they have in regard to the hereafter. I respect Fathers Christi, Cleary and Timothy, but I must say that I am not interested in religion as they would have me be. I promised my attorney, John Day Smith, that I would say this short prayer on the scaffold: 'Oh, Lord, for Christ's sake, forgive me my sins.' Megarden, go ahead."

With those words he turned to Deputy Megarden and indicated that he was ready to die. While Deputies Bright and Anderson steadied him on either side Deputy Megarden advanced and wound the strap around his ankles, another above his knees and a third around his arms. "Ouch, that hurts," said Hayward, as the strap was drawn tau around his arms. As Deputy Megarden was putting the noose around his neck Hayward showed evidences that he was somewhat fastidious in the manner of execution.

"Say, does not the knot want to go under the right ear? Put it under the right ear," but Deputy Megarden paid no attention, but began to draw it taut. "Pull it tight, I die pat. Good bye, Dr. Burton."

The cap was pulled down over his eyes, and the deputy's hands had hardly left his shoulders when Sheriff Holmberg pushed the lever, the trap fell, and Harry Hayward dropped a good six feet down, bringing up with a jerk that shook the entire building. Although the gallows creaked and groaned and the rope stretched somewhat under the heavy strain, still it did not give way, but held Hayward clear of the floor. Drs. Burton and Holmes, watches in hand and fingers on the pulse, counted the pulsations that indicated that the life of the murderer was fast passing away. The drop fell at 2 08 o'clock, and for thirteen minutes the straps were left around the body. They were then removed and at 2 45 the doctors pronounced Hayward dead. Death was instantaneous.

N. B. Guy, dealer in general merchandise, of South Candian, I. T., has made an assignment. Liabilities $40,000, assets not known.

The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant laxative, Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effects of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

SENATE IN SESSION.

BUT BUSINESS WAS UNIMPORTANT.

Three Propositions Introduced to Honor Distinguished Men—Populist Allen's Argument in Behalf of Recognition of Cuba.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, December 11.—The Senate was in session to-day for only an hour and a quarter and it then adjourned until to-morrow. Three propositions were introduced in honor of distinguished men of the past. The first was for the purchase of a $3.000 statue of the French novelist Victor Hugo, to be placed in the new library building in Washington, now almost finished. The second was for a $50.000 monument to the naval hero John Paul Jones, to be erected in Washington. The third was to authorize the placing of a statue of President Franklin Pierce upon the grounds of the public building at Concord, N H.

Mr. Dubois of Idaho, Republican, made a short argument in support of his proposed amendment to the rules, so as to distribute the general appropriation bills among the committees having charge of the various subjects to which they apply. No action was taken, as Mr. Hill desired to speak on it as well as on his own proposed amendments to the rules in regard to cloture and the counting of quorums. Mr. Allen of Nebraska, Populist, spoke briefly on his resolution for the recognition of Cuban belligerency which also went over without action. He declared that the Populist party was as thoroughly committed to the Monroe doctrine as either the Democratic party or the Republican party, and he scoffed at American citizens who were so ready to become "English Lords, or Lord in some other country" and at the American women who were "willing to waste themselves on titled mendicants from the East."

A resolution calling on the Secretary of War for copies of all records in his office relating to railroads in Tennessee seized by the military authorities during the civil war, was offered by Mr. Harriss and agreed to.

Mr. Cockrell presented the memorial of the Kansas City, Missouri, Board of Trade, asking Congress to grant belligerent rights to Cuba and it was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

At 1.10 p. m. the Senate proceeded to executive business and five minutes later the doors were re opened and the Senate adjourned until to morrow.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

President Cleveland's Early Return Expected—Cabinet Meeting Necessary to Consider Important Matters—Conference of Populist Senators.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 11.—President Cleveland's return to Washington is looked for. It is authoritatively stated that dispatches have been sent to him by members of his Cabinet urging that a special Cabinet meeting be called for Monday next to consider, amongst other important matters, Lord Salisbury's reply in the Venezuelan matter and Secretary Carlisle's report. The Secretary of the Treasury is unwilling to submit that important document to Congress until it has been carefully read and approved by the President and his Cabinet. Hence the request for a special meeting on Monday and the telegraphed suggestions which will probably bring the President back to Washington by that time.

The storm now raging about Cape Hatteras gives no uneasiness to the personal friends of President Cleveland, who is reported to be in Cape Channel. It was learned to day that Mr. Cleveland was warned by telegraph of the coming of bad weather by the Weather Bureau. Cape Channel is the best refuge in the vicinity of Hatteras and the Violet is in no danger there. She is sheltered by an island on one side and by the Cape on the other.

The Populists of the Senate held a conference this morning in the room of Senator Stewart, all the members being present, including Senator Jones, of Nevada. The general situation was canvassed but no definite conclusion as to the policy of the Third party was reached. The published statement that the Populists had decided to abandon the field and make no nominations for Senate offices is denied by one of the prominent men at this conference. It has been practically agreed that Senator Allen, of Nebraska shall be their candidate for President *pro tem*, but so far as candidates for the other elective offices are concerned no programme has been arranged.

The conference of this morning had more to do with committee assignments than anything else, the Populists being determined to get as good assignments to committees as possible and secure at least the same chairmanships they have held under the Democratic administration of the Senate.

RIDDLED WITH BULLETS.

A Train from Frankfort Fired Upon at Eminence, Kentucky—Only One Person Hurt.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

EMINENCE, KY., December 11.—shots were fired upon a train-load of Louisville Republicans at this place last night as they were returning from the inauguration of Gov. Bradley. All the windows in the last car of the long train, which left Frankfort at 7 80 p m., were shot out and the bullets tore off a large quantity of splinters of woodwork in the coach. There were several ladies in the coach and the excitement was intense. At the first volley everybody lay flat on the floor. The firing continued rapidly. The train was just coming in at Eminence, and in a moment it came to a standstill. Three men were seen along the track, and as the train started up again about ten more shots were fired through the windows. Fortunately only one person was hurt. One man's neck was cut by heavy pieces of glass that flew in all directions through the car. Many members of the Garfield Club, of Louisville, were in the coach. It was here that Gov. Bradley broke off the joint debate with Gen. Hardin because of the disorder of the Democrats present. The attack on the train is believed by some persons to have been the outcome of this.

MYSTERIOUS BURNING

Of Two Dissolute Women in the Woods Near Morganton, N. C.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Dec. 11.—A special from Morganton, N. C., to the *Citizen* gives the news of the mysterious burning of two dissolute women in the woods near that town last night. When last seen it is said they were both drunk. This morning their charred bodies were found near the railroad. The theory is advanced that they built a fire, and falling into a drunken sleep, burned themselves to death.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

Failure of Turkey's Negotiations for a Government Loan—Said Pasha Leaves the British Embassy—Exciting Scene in the German Reichstag.
By Cable to the Morning Star.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 11.—The negotiations for a Government loan of £1,000,000, secured by the revenues of the Turkish regie, have fallen through.

It is learned that Said Pasha, in reply to the Sultan's demand that he leave the British embassy and return to his home, said that he was willing to live in any place outside of Turkey that the Sultan might appoint, and would also pledge himself to keep entirely aloof from politics, being in view of the circumstances extremely anxious to leave the country with his family. To this the Sultan replied that he was not willing that Said Pasha should put himself outside of his (the Sultan's) powers as he was the custodian of too many secrets.

The result was that Said received the assent of the Sultan to his living anywhere within the Empire, together with the imperial assurance that His Majesty would not compel him to hold office, and upon this assurance Said returned to his home. Upon leaving the British embassy, Said left a letter addressed to Sir Philip Currie, the British ambassador, thanking him for his protection and hospitality.

BERLIN, December 11.—There was an exciting scene in the Reichstag to-day upon the occasion of the delivery of a speech by Herr Bebel, one of the Socialist leaders, in regard to the recent prosecution of Socialists and the closing of the Socialist unions by the Government. In the course of his speech Herr Bebel made a violent attack upon the Emperor because of the speeches delivered by His Majesty on Sedan Day and more recently at Breslau, referring to the Kaiser as a "certain somebody."

President Von Buol-Berenberg called Herr Bebel to order, but the latter persisted in continuing his remarks in the same strain. A great uproar ensued; in the midst of which Herr Singer's voice was heard above the din crying: "We are insulted." When quiet was finally restored, the President threatened to stop Herr Bebel entirely unless he confined his remarks within the limits of decency and parliamentary rule; whereupon Bebel retorted: "How is it possible to omit mention of the Kaiser from discussion of the question of abolition of the Lese Majeste law?" Herr Bebel then proceeded in a passionate speech to criticize the Government's recent prosecution of Socialists. He declared that the present conditions prevailing in civilized States preclude the possibility of a revolutionary party obtaining a victory forciely, and argued that, therefore, agitation by means of speeches and the dissemination of literature was justifiable.

Gen. Bronsart Von Schellendorf, Imperial Minister of War, interrupting, declared amid a tremendous uproar on the part of the Socialists who attempted to drown his voice, that during the Sedan fetes the Socialists were very dirty inkslingers. However their infamy was unable to soil the memory of the great Kaiser, but nevertheless the army would never forget the depravity of the Socialists on that occasion.

FIRE ON A U. S. WARSHIP.

Spontaneous Combustion of Coal on the Cincinnati that Came Near Firing the Magazine.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, Dec. 11,—A special to the *Times Union* from Key West, Fla., says: Yesterday about 3.30 p. m. smoke was discovered issuing from the coal bunkers next to the magazine on board the United States steamship Cincinnati. The bunkers had not been opened in three months and the fire was from spontaneous combustion. When discovered the fire had so far progressed as to have the walls between the bunkers and the magazine red hot. The wooden casings in which the fixed ammunition was enclosed had been burned away. As soon as the alarm was given every man was at his post and the magazine flooded and the danger was soon over. A few moments more and the magazine would have exploded, killing every man on board and wrecking the ship. The coolness of Capt. Johnson and his officers and the discipline of the crew averted what might have been one of the most serious calamities that has ever happened on board an American man-of-war. In consequence of the heavy norther from yesterday noon until this morning, no communication was had with the shore to report the accident.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND

Weathered the Gale on the Steamer Violet at Hatteras.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, December 11.—The storm which settled over Hatteras yesterday has abated and to-night the wind is only blowing at the rate of ten miles an hour. The Violet successfully weathered the gale, but the Presidential party has done no shooting to day. There is every indication that to-morrow will be an ideal day for duck shooting. The plans of the President have been somewhat changed, he having decided not to leave Hatteras until Friday, arriving in Norfolk Saturday and reaching Washington early Monday morning.

ON THE NORFOLK & WESTERN.

Twenty Freight Cars Wrecked—Tracks Blockaded—No One Injured.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PETERSBURG, VA., December 11.—There were three wrecks on the Norfolk & Western Railroad between midnight last night and early this morning. The first occurred at the Norfolk & Southern junction, a few miles west of Norfolk; the second near Windsor, and the third about three miles from Ford's Station. The trains were freights, and in all about twenty cars were wrecked. The tracks were badly blockaded and all trains were delayed from two to three hours. No one was injured in either of the wrecks.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.

Denies Report That It is Backing the Southern Railway.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 11.—Representatives of the Clyde Steamship Company deny the report that the company contemplates backing up the Southern Railway in operating a line of steamers between Baltimore and Norfolk, or that it contemplated discontinuing the operations of its ships between Philadelphia and Richmond, via the James river. The company's representatives state it has no interest whatever in either the Southern Railway or its competitor, the Seaboard Air Line, but is a friendly connection of both.

SUICIDE IN CHARLOTTE

W. N. Prather Found Dead in His Room.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., December 11.—W. N. Prather, a baker and prominent citizen of Charlotte, was found dead in his room this morning with a rope around his neck. His death had, however, really been caused by an overdose of morphine. He was a sufferer from melancholia and dyspepsia. He was a prominent Mason.

INDIANA DEMOCRATS.

The Free Silver Wing Insist Upon Committing the Party to Their Views.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, December 11.—The conference of State Democratic leaders was held at the Grand Hotel to-day. The feature of the meeting is the demand made by the free silver wing for recognition. They insist on committing the party to their views and the attempts to this end have stirred up matters in a lively fashion. O. S. Clark, of Greensburg, is the leader of the silver wing and he thus expressed himself: "We have decided not to introduce a silver resolution on one condition—that no other resolutions be introduced on any question whatever. If any resolution is offered, we will come forward with a free silver resolution and we will be on hand to push it, too. We do not want this conference to be the fiasco the Maximuckee conference was. Up there the sound money people declared that they carried the day, when the fact was that we had a majority of seven or eight votes. We won't be bulldozed this time."

THE COTTON EXPOSITION

To be Held in Chicago in the Fall of 1896.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Dec. 11.—F. D. Debarrard, who is at the head of the movement to have a Cotton Exposition in Chicago under the auspices of the Southern States, has written to Malcolm McNeill, who is conducting the Chicago end of the enterprise, that he is meeting with great success. He expects to be in Chicago shortly after the holidays and bring with him a committee composed of representatives from every Southern State who will meet a Chicago committee and discuss the whole matter. The Exposition is now assured. It will be held not earlier than August 15th, 1896, and will continue according to the plans for about two months. Merchants from the Northwest will be in Chicago about this time and their attention will be called to the Southern exhibit.

TRAFFIC ASSOCIATION.

Pro-rating of Freight Rates Under Consideration.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, December 11.—The session of the Southern States Freight Association was continued here to-day. The principal topics up for discussion were such as refer to pro-rating of freight rates on through business, and it is likely that two or three days will be spent in this work.

WARM WIRELETS.

A dispatch from London says that Ambassador Bayard steadfastly declined to be interviewed by anybody on the subject of the resolution of impeachment introduced in the House of Representatives. He has without exception informed all callers that he had nothing to say.

A. K. Ward, the forger, who was captured and brought back to Memphis after a sojourn in Honduras, was indicted thirty-five times for forging as many notes. The amount of forged notes is over $80 000. Ward has employed good lawyers and will make a fight on the line of a general denial.

Complete, but unofficial returns from the municipal election in Charleston, S. C., show that Smyth, the Democratic candidate, was elected Mayor by a majority of 278 votes. The Democrats elected twelve out of twenty-four aldermen, the other twelve being chosen by the A. P. A. This gives the Democracy the city by Mayor Smyth's casting vote.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Hello, Sports! Where are you? I am at corner Seventeenth and Market streets, where I can serve you a nice Oyster Roast with all refreshments. Call and see me. J. B. Turner. dec 12 1w

Christmas Groceries—Just received one of the best assortments of Christmas and Holiday Groceries in the city, which I can sell at Low Prices. Courteous clerks and drivers will wait on you at any hour in the day. Give me a call, and satisfaction is guaranteed. Chas D Jacobs, North Front street, near Mulberry. dec 10 tf

Why not buy where everything is plentiful, and be suited in price and quality, 50 bunches Bananas 3',000 Oranges, 50 barrels New York State Apples, 150 crates N. C. Mountain Apples A big lot of Northern Irish Potatoes, Onions, Turnips, &c. Dealers and merchants had better get our prices before they buy. A. S. Winstead & Co., Wholesale Fruit and Produce Commission Merchants. dec 10 D&W tf

Christmas Photographs—Everybody please come and see my new display of Photographs. They are up to date in every respect. New scenery arrived. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. dec 8 tf

Turkeys—Both dressed and alive, for sale by Neill McKinnon, Wholesale and Retail Grocer, No. 3 South Water street. c31

The public is invited to inspect the windows of Mr. A. P. Levy, proprietor of the French Cafe, as he has prepared a Thanksgiving Novelty and Treat. All customers are invited to call in and see his display, at 115 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. nov 28 tf

Telephone 161. For best quality of Wood and Coal delivered any where in the city call up Telephone 161. John H. Whiteman & Son. nov 7 1m

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c31

Haydon, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c31

Business Booming.

Owing to the immense business done in the last few months, our Mr. Johnson was compelled to make a second trip to New York to replenish our already beautiful stock of

Dry Goods

Millinery and

FANCY GOODS.

These newly purchased goods are now arriving daily. Among other goods that have been received are twenty elegant

FUR CAPES,

which were purchased considerably below value, and we are offering them to our customers at the same reduced rates.

100 Ladies' Jackets from $5 to $25, in the most fashionable styles. Also a very handsome selection of

Velvet and Plush Capes.

Sole Agents for Dr. Jaeger's Celebrated Sanitary Woollen Underwear.

Buy your KID GLOVES from us where you can have them tried on while you are sitting at the counter. Will inform the public through the daily papers when our stock of

Holiday Goods

will be ready for inspection, but would advise you not to make your purchases before seeing our stock.

JOHNSON & FORE

No. 111 Market St.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

dec 1 tf

LOOK OVER THIS LIST

And note what you wish to

BUY FOR XMAS.

A Nice Dress Goods 5c to $1.00 per yard.

Table Cloths and Doilies.

A Good Blanket or Comforter.

Lace Curtains 75c pair and upwards,
Bed Spreads 69c to $4 75.
Latest Style Collar or Cape.
Shawls 50c to $3 50.
Handkerchiefs of Every Description.
Cotton and Flannel Underwear.
Corsets at all prices
Infants' Sacques and Caps.
Stockings and Gloves in all sizes.
Watches—Good time-keeper $1 48 and upwards,
Alarm Clocks 89c. Walnut Clocks $2 98.
Cuff Buttons, Scarf Pins, Earrings and Breastpins.
Gilt Band Cap or Sailor Hat.
Fancy Work Boxes, Glove Cases.
Cuff and Collar Boxes Silver Picture Frames 23c.
Nice Pair Boots for Shoes.
Slippers and Rubber all sizes.
A Good Suit of Clothes.
Pair of Pants 50c up to $5.00.
Umbrellas, New Handles 50c to $4.50.
Latest style Soft or Stiff Hat.
Suspenders and Neckties.
Silk Handkerchiefs or Socks.
Sweaters and Knit Jackets.
Undershirts and Drawers
White and Colored Overshirts.
Window Shades and Curtain Poles.
Chenille Table Covers and Portieres.
Carpets 15½c per yard and upwards.
Matting as well as Oilcloths.
Rugs 25, 45, 65, 90c up to $4 50.
Crumbcloths, medium size, $2 50; large, $4.00.
A Nice Illustrated Bound Book.

Toys! Toys! Toys!

LARGEST VARIETY.

LOWEST PRICES.

Remember the cheapest place to buy goods is at

J. H. REHDER & CO'S

'Phone 118. Next Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on purchases over $2.00.

dec 1 tf

J. W. Murchison

Has now in stock a complete assortment of

Hardware

Tinware,

Agricultural Implements

Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps

Loaded and Unloaded Shells, &c.

In fact, the prudent buyer, who always wants the

Best Goods at the Lowest Prices

Will find just what he wants in our large variety and assortment.

Don't forget that our leading points are

QUALITY, DURABILITY, RELIABILITY AND HONEST PRICES.

Call and examine our immense stock.

J. W. MURCHISON,

Old Stand of Giles & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

oct 25 tf

J. R. WILLARD & CO.

MEMBERS:

Chicago Board of Trade,
New York Produce Exchange,
New York Cons. Stock Exchange.

We will send free the only 4-page Market Letter issued daily from New York and Chicago. Also a Manual Dictionary defining all commercial and financial terms and furnishing the most valuable statistics relating to stocks and grain. Send for them.

Orders in stocks, cotton and grain solicited in any amount for cash or on 3 to 5 per cent. margin.

46 Broadway and 45 New St., New York.
17 Board of Trade, Chicago. nov 14 1m

KATZ & POLVOGT,

No. 9 North Front St.

A STORE FULL OF STYLISH THINGS

In garments, in fabrics, in trimmings. Come when you please. Wander through the Store. Criticise or compliment. You are free to do either, and our salespeople will take pleasure in showing these fashionable goods. Perhaps a price or two may interest, and we add these:

The Eclat.

This garment is all Wool, worth $10.00, this week $6.00. Two hundred new garments have just been opened.

What Corset Do You Wear?

Somebody told you a long time ago that a certain Corset was good. Yes, it was, but there are, perhaps, one or two makes that are better adapted to your figure. With our large stock and skilled corset salespeople, we can give you the Corset that you most need. Will you let us try?

The W. B. America's leading Corset this week $1.00.

In the Linen Department.

Every day there are one or two things that are worthy of extra attention. To-day it's a lot of Damasks—wide enough and fine enough to suit almost any one. And here's the price asked for them: Worth $1.15, this week 89c yard.

Trimmings.

If you haven't decided about the garniture for that fall gown, let us help you. A well equipped trimming stock is at our right hand.

Evening Silks.

Twenty beautiful fabrics that were picked for evening gowns. No two alike in color or pattern. It is best not to delay with these, for the one you think prettiest may be gone if you come late, 75c to $2.00 a yard.

Katz & Polvogt,

No. 9 North Front St.,

nov 24 tf

THE CHICAGO.

Just Try It, Which Is All We Ask

We do not claim to sell our goods so much less than others, but we do say that we can and will sell as low as any House that pays full value for their goods.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

dec 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

No Grass Grows Under OUR FEET.

It Don't

Take long to tell the story why so many hundreds buy that never before bought Suits from us.

We've Revolutionized Prices.

IT was the most courageous stroke of the age; cutting prices in half. One half for the buyer, the other for ourselves, and what is more surprising, the revolution goes on. Actually, to day we're

Selling Suits for $5 & $6

that others are getting $10 and $12. Same story in our best Suits.

Look in our Window and see our new designs in

Percale Shirts.

De Joinville and Four-in-Hand Ties,

GLOVES,

Silk Handkerchiefs,

Collars, Cuffs, &c.

A. DAVID & CO.,

FRONT AND PRINCESS ST.

dec 6

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

OUR STOCK PURCHASED BEFORE THE ADVANCE IN PRICES.

Goods sold at retail less than present wholesale prices.

All Wool Cheviot Suits $6.00, worth $12.00.

See our $7.50 Cassimere Suits, equal to any $12.50.

Hundreds of Children's Suits, all Wool, $1.50 up, worth double the Money.

NEW HATS AND FURNISHINGS.

It would be pure folly and a waste of money to pay the exorbitant prices that you are called upon to put up for a hat, simply because you buy from an exclusive hatter. We show an immense assortment of all the newest shapes and shades in Derbys and Alpines, at prices that are right and which are from 25 per cent. to 33⅓ per cent. below others.

DRESS SHIRTS,
PERCALE SHIRTS,
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,
NOBBY NECKWEAR,
DRESS GLOVES,
SIGHTLY HOSIERY.

Your money back if you want it.

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

oct 13 tf

STOP IT!

Stop What?

Our Gold and Silver Bicycle, of Course.

TO FACILITATE THE DELIVERY of Parcels (especially Prescriptions) we have inaugurated a "Bicycle Messenger Service," whereby goods desired in a hurry can be delivered without delay to any part of the city.

If you will call up "Phone 136 or 144" we shall be pleased to send up any article you may wish. Again, if you have a prescription to be filled let us know, and we will send for it, prepare and send the medicine to you, thus saving you much time and trouble.

N. B.—We do not charge extra for this "Special Service." We want your patronage.

Look Out For Our "GOLD AND SILVER RUNNER"—Stop It—i. e, if you want something sent up.

Yours up to date,

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Prescription Specialist.

Y. M. C. A. Building,

nov 27 tf Wilmington, N. C.

For Sale Cheap, or Lease.

Twenty Crops Pullines Turpentine Boxes.
Nine Crops Virgin Turpentine Boxes.
Two Hundred and Twenty-five Dip Barrels.
Two Stills and Fixtures.
Three Double Wagons.
Eleven Mules and Two Horses
From which I have made this year 800 barrels spirits.

Located only fifteen miles from Brunswick, Ga., and sixty miles from Savannah. Both good Naval Store Markets, directly on the Southern Railroad. Address me. DAVIS DUBBERLY,

nov 8 1m Pennick, Ga.